

He Rescued 16 in Rail Crash



—Photo by M. Smith
NEGRO HERO RESCUES 16 IN TRAIN WRECK—Pictured with his family is J. A. Taylor, Negro hero, who aided 16 persons to safety from the wreck of the New York Central flier, Lake Shore Limited, last Friday. Mr. Taylor is an active member of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Employees. Three of his brother unionists died in the crash. Shown in photo are Rose, 15; James, 18; his son and daughter, and Mrs. J. A. Taylor and Mr. Taylor (right).

Negro Hero of Rail Crash Tells Own Story

'All in Day's Work' J. A. Taylor Tells Daily Worker of Rescue of 16 Passengers—Three Brother Unionists Were Killed

By Lawrence Emery
Modesty goes with true heroism.
James A. Taylor, Negro Pullman worker on the New York Central Lake Shore Limited which sped into a fatal crash at Little Falls last Friday, rescued 16 passengers in his car but regards it as no great deed and all a part of the day's work.

Teachers Picket City Hall on Cuts

Board of Estimate Meets Today on Mayor's Budget

Following an announcement that the Board of Estimate will meet in executive session today to act on Mayor LaGuardia's executive budget, ten teachers, who claim they will be dismissed from the school system if the Mayor's budget slashes are adopted, picketed City Hall in protest against the cuts.

Each of them carried placards stating how long they had been in the employ of the Department of Education. The placards showed they had served from five to ten years.

The placards disputed the Mayor's claim that under his budget proposals no regular teacher would be fired.

The hardest hit victim of the Mayor's proposed budget is the Board of Education. More than \$7,000,000 in appropriations requested by the Board for upkeep of the school system was turned down by the Mayor.

Appropriations for evening elementary schools were cut one-sixth for a saving of \$55,000. Evening High Schools were cut \$200,000. Community and recreation center teachers were cut 50 per cent in the Mayor's new budget.

Taylor, who is 44-years-old and lives with his wife Rose and two children, James, Jr., 18, and Rose, 15, at 400 W. 150th St., shuns publicity and was reluctant to talk about the rescue work which earned him praise from those he helped, from company officials, and from his union, the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters.

A porter since 1921, Taylor was on his regular run last Friday and quit work sometime after 11 P. M., although he had been free to quit at 10 o'clock. He was in the fourth Pullman car back of the coaches.

AWAKENED BY CRASH
"He had just gone to bed and was dozing when he felt 'a strong vibration through the car. I knew the train was coming to a quick stop and I jumped out of bed and started dressing as fast as I could."

"Then the crash came. It was like a tremendous crack of thunder coming after a stroke of sharp lightning. There were two or three sounds like that, and I feared the car was going to turn over and then everything settled down and was quiet."

Taylor's car had been lifted and sliced sideways between two others and came to rest at a crazy angle but did not topple over.

"I guess I was thrown around quite a bit, but I don't remember any of what happened in that instant. As soon as the car came to a stop I broke a window and jumped out to see what had happened and where we were. I hadn't finished dressing, but I only stopped to tie my shoes and then went back inside to see about the passengers."

There were 13 adults and 2 children.

Dies Renews Attacks On Trade Unions

Transport Union Chiefs Charge Dies Uses Quoted Stooze for War Incitement

By Adam Lapin
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Transport Workers Union officials charged the Dies Committee today with whipping up war hysteria in its new assault against the labor movement. At today's hearing Rep. Martin Dies revealed what he meant with his hair-raising statements of the last few days about a "Trojan horse plot" to overthrow the government.

The plot, it turned out, was the organizational activity of the T.W.U., and of other unions both A.F.L. and C.I.O.

Recent attack by the committee on the Communist Party developed into a broader attack on the trade union movement.

Main witness at the hearing was a thin, weasel-faced little man called Thomas H. O'Shea, who was expelled from the T.W.U. in 1936 for being a "company stooge."

TESTIFIED BEFORE

O'Shea testified before the Dies Committee last year, and the only apparent purpose in bringing him to the witness stand again was to tie up his highly imaginative tales with the war situation and bring in blood-curdling sabotage and espionage angles.

Contacted in New York by telephone, T.W.U. officials minced no words in denouncing O'Shea and in pointing to the real purpose of rehashing the testimony.

The revival of the O'Shea charges by the Dies Committee is apparently part of the Dies war hysteria plan, the union declared.

With the aid of the committee, O'Shea let his imagination roam freely over the situation in the T.W.U., the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers and the National Maritime Union.

The fact that he had never at any time been connected with the

(Continued on page 4)

'Stop Dies' Rally to Be Held Tonight

IWO Sponsors Manhattan Center Protest Meeting

Thousands of members of the International Workers Order and their friends are expected to jam Manhattan Center, 34th St. and Eighth Ave. at 8 P. M. tonight to protest the recent un-American and illegal activities of the Dies Committee.

The IWO is specifically protesting the raid on its Philadelphia office and the illegal seizure of records and materials in that office. This raid has violated, according to U. S. District Court Judge Welsh, statutes relating to illegal searches and seizures and the Dies raiders have been arrested for violating these laws.

The rally tonight is for the purpose of winning mass support to stop the Dies Committee and to demand its dissolution. Outstanding clergymen, trade unionists, both A. F. of L. and C. I. O., intellectuals and other public figures will address the huge gathering.

(Continued on page 4)

Lewis' Speech at Negro Congress to Be on Air

The speech by John L. Lewis at the opening session of the National Negro Congress in Washington will be broadcast nationally over the blue network of the NBC (WJZ) in New York from 8:30 to 9 P. M. EST, Friday.

(See Page 3 for Details)

Gov't Bares Anti-Union Aim In 807 Trial

Enforcement of Union Contract Classed as Crime

Cross-examination of the prosecution's own witness revealed yesterday that the government in the trial of Teamsters 807 is carrying the ball for anti-union employers who object to the very principle of union contracts and standards, and who aim to destroy the organization.

Under the guise of proving violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act and of the "Anti-Rackets" Act, the government brought out such "crimes" by defendants as:

Demanding valid and not "rubber" checks as payment.

Demanding the contract union scale.

Demanding pay for overtime.

Demanding pay on time.

Enforcing the job security clause in the contract.

Russell R. Goddard, who was manager for the Brookline Trucking Corp. of Boston at its New York office, went through an all day sweat on the witness stand as Defense Attorney James D. C. Murray tore apart the weird tales he recited for the government for nearly a full day Monday.

'CONSPIRACY' TO RAISE PAY

The conclusion of Goddard's testimony for the government was that his firm went out of business because the union enforced the contract. His chief target was Edward Weinhelmer, a defendant, who was the driver and the union steward for the firm's men. He had Weinhelmer clashing with the firm on all the above issues, and many more.

The union's enforcement of such provisions, the government contends is "conspiracy to restrain trade" and "racketeering."

This is the first test for the Anti-Rackets Act as a weapon against legitimate union practices. Thus far it has only been applied against persons in extortion and like conspiracies.

An attempt to develop a race is

(Continued on Page 5)

CIO May Sue Cops Interfering With Picketing

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UP).—The Congress of Industrial Organizations today threatened civil damage suits against law enforcement officers who have interfered with peaceful picketing.

CIO General Counsel Lee Pressman said that the Supreme Court decision yesterday invalidating anti-picketing restrictions in Alabama and Shasta County, Calif., was the first time the high tribunal had construed picketing as a constitutional right of free speech and free press.

He said that the decision brought local law enforcement officers within the purview of the federal civil rights statute passed in Civil War reconstruction days which makes it unlawful to deprive a person of constitutional or statutory rights.

BRITISH PEOPLE SADDLED WITH BIGGEST WAR BILL



"We are only doing this to protect you," Winston Churchill, First Lord of the British Admiralty, says in cartoon reproduced from the London Daily Worker, Communist Party paper in England which continues to fight British warmakers despite censorship restrictions.

British Claim Stopping of German Drive

Berlin Asserts Direct Hit Made on Allied Destroyer

LONDON, April 23 (UP).—British troops today stood off strong German attacks on two Norwegian battlefronts in "sharp engagements," the war office said, while Allied bombing planes set fire to military objectives on the outskirts of Nazi-held Oslo.

The Allies' expeditionary forces were said to be fighting against a German counter-attack north of Trondheim on the west coast and to be "resisting enemy pressure" alongside Norwegian troops north of Oslo, presumably along a ragged line of resistance above Hamar and Elverum.

The apparent German initiative, as intimated in a British war communiqué, coincided with:

1.—Assurances by Minister of War Oliver Stanley, in a statement before the House of Commons, that Britain is "fully prepared" to cope with any attempted German invasion of the British Isles by parachuted troops or landing forces.

2.—Lord Hankey, minister without portfolio, reported that only three British destroyers, one submarine and one trawler have been sunk and the destroyer Hardy beached with damage since Germany invaded Scandinavia two weeks ago. The Admiralty asserted at the same time that 17 German merchant ships have been sunk, captured or believed sunk in that period.

3.—The air ministry said that British RAF planes, meeting the heaviest ground fire yet encountered, bombed German air bases in Norway and Denmark early today and started a large fire at Fornebu airbase on the outskirts of Oslo. The Germans are using the Oslo airbase to land troop reinforcements.

(Continued on page 4)

Reich Warns Sweden to Stay Neutral

Told to Change Attitude Before It Is Too Late

BERLIN, April 23 (UP).—The German press warned Sweden today to watch her step.

Sweden was told bluntly that it would be "bitterly serious" to permit her newspapers to cast aspersions on the might or methods of the German army.

Leading the chorus of invective against the Swedish press, the influential German newspaper Nacht Ausgabe took to task the Svenska Dagbladet, accusing that paper of publishing an assertion from Trondheim that German aviators had machine-gunned women and children.

War in Norway Rebounds Against Britain--Izvestia

MOSCOW, April 23.—Britain's extension of the imperialist war to Scandinavia is boomeranging by cutting off vital sources of food, timber and other supplies, Izvestia declared today in a special article.

"In the first imperialist war, Scandinavia succeeded in

maintaining neutrality," Izvestia wrote. "Scandinavian neutrality was needed by the Entente (Britain and France), since the Scandinavian route was very convenient for supplying the Russia of those days with military supplies. A neutral Scandinavia was also needed by the German-Austrian coalition since this coalition could receive foreign freights through Scandinavia."

"But as soon as Russia began to withdraw from the war and the United States brought its troops to the European battlefields, Britain's attitude towards Scandinavia's neutrality underwent a sharp change.

"During the new war, Germany has had no reasons to alter its attitude to Scandinavian neutrality. Extension of the front is not to Germany's interest.

LEAK IN BLOCKADE
"England's attitude to Scandinavian neutrality became absolutely different. Scandinavia constituted one of the considerable leakages in the chain of blockade that, up to a given moment, was to replace a direct attack on the Siegfried Line."

"From the very outset, England waged an economic war on Germany in the Scandinavian markets. Thus, for example, England purchased the entire Norwegian whale oil output. England feverishly purchased Swedish iron ore. Swedish iron ore plays a considerable role in Germany's steel industry. Germany's war industry has for a long time functioned on metal received from Swedish ores."

"It was exceptionally important and advantageous for England to inflict a blow on a susceptible part of German economy and to close the Scandinavian door to Germany. But in this situation it was absolutely necessary for Germany to parry England's blow."

"Scandinavia plus Finland play a

(Continued on Page 2)

Sales Tax Will Put War Costs Onto Backs of Ordinary People

TAKES 44% OF NATIONAL INCOME

Staggering Budget Set at \$21,000,000 a Day, \$14,500 a Minute

LONDON, April 23 (UP).—The biggest war bill in history was presented to the British people today by Sir John Simon, Chancellor of the Exchequer, who announced sweeping new taxes and a huge borrowing program to meet estimated 1940 expenditures of \$10,668,000,000.

The budget calls for a war expenditure of \$14,583 a minute or about \$21,000,000 a day. Total expenditures will run \$20,277 a minute, including the ordinary costs of government.

The stupendous war budget will take about 44 per cent of Britain's estimated national income. New tax measures announced indicated a big shift from direct to indirect taxation, which will hit the average Briton hard. Sir John's speech plainly showed that the government is determined to curb popular expenditures as much as possible.

SALES TAX PLANNED

The budget tops that of any year during the World War. Sir John said war expenses for Britain are now running \$6,000,000,000 a year but are increasing and are likely to run \$8,000,000,000 for the first full year of the conflict.

The steps he proposed to meet these staggering expenses:

1. A "purchase" or sales tax—the first in British history—designed not only to raise revenue but to concentrate the nation's economy on winning the war and check expenditures by the public. This will be collected from wholesalers.

2. Sharp increases in the duties on tobacco, beer, spirits and matches.

3. Substantial increases in postage, telephone and telegraph charges—all of which are government monopolies in Britain.

TO BORROW HALF

4. Lowering the minimum of incomes subject to 6½ per cent surtax from \$2,000 (about \$8,000) to \$1,500 (about \$6,000).

These tax increases, he estimated, would bring in about \$404,000,000 of new revenue for a total revenue of about \$4,836,000,000, leaving \$5,736,000,000 to be borrowed, at interest rates not exceeding 3 per cent.

An additional measure announced was the limiting of dividends, and a ban on the issuance of bonus stock shares by public companies for the duration of the war.

In presenting the budget, Sir John said the first seven months of the war had cost Britain \$3,629,000,000.

(The dollar equivalent of all budget figures in this dispatch was calculated on the rate of \$4 to the pound sterling. The official London rate for the pound is \$4.03. The unofficial "free" pound rate quoted in New York fluctuates from day to day and is quoted currently at about \$3.53.)

The new "purchase" tax, the rate of which as well as the date of imposition will be determined by parliament, is very similar to sales taxes imposed in some American states. Germany also has imposed a sales tax and has limited dividends.

The tax, Sir John said, will not

(Continued on Page 4)

N.Y. Times Map of 'Soviet Penetration' In China Branded 'Clumsy Forgery'

Frederick V. Field, Secretary, American Council of the Institute of Pacific Relations, in a letter to the New York Times yesterday charged that newspaper with publishing a "clumsy forgery" in a purported map to show that "Soviet Russia is steadily advancing into China."

The map accompanied a dispatch by Hallett Abend, Times correspondent in Shanghai, which had the patent purpose of disrupting Chinese unity and Chinese-Soviet peaceful relations. Mr. Field declared that "it is difficult to see how Mr. Abend can deduce, as he

claims to, that the map gives no intimation that Russia is assisting China against Japan."

The full text of the letter reads: In view of the unusual importance in these days of obtaining as reliable interpretations as possible of the policies of foreign powers, the dispatch from Shanghai by Hallett Abend and the accompanying poster-map appearing in your issue of April 22, and their sweeping implications regarding the policies of the Soviet Union, deserve close attention. Mr. Abend concludes his dispatch by saying: "The whole political im-

plication of this official map and poster is that Soviet Russia is steadily advancing into China solely in her own interests."

An examination of Mr. Abend's dispatch and of the poster-map gives every evidence that the latter is spurious and the dispatch itself inaccurate, even when it refers directly to the map. In evidence of this statement the following points are submitted:

1. Mr. Abend claims that the map bears the State emblem of U. S. S. R. Reference to any cur-

(Continued on Page 3)

Entire Communist Party Geared for Nominating Convention, Foster Says After 10,000-Mile Tour

By Alan Max

The entire Party is moving in high gear in preparation for the Communist National Nominating Convention which opens here May 30, William Z. Foster, national chairman, declared yesterday upon his return from a coast-to-coast tour.

At his desk at national party headquarters at 35 East 12th Street, the veteran labor leader gave a revealing account of the work of the Communist Party and of the sentiment of the people toward the war and the Third Term, as he had found them on his 6-week trip. The journey had covered almost 10,000 miles and had taken him to Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago and up and down the Pacific Coast.

"Everywhere solid as a rock," was how

Foster described the Communist Party organizations in the various states he had visited. "If Dies thought that his attack would disperse and scatter the Communists, he misjudged the political intelligence and solidarity of our members," he added.

Foster said he had found the party busy everywhere preparing for the National Nominating Convention. "The entire Party is unanimous for Earl Browder and James W. Ford as our standard bearers in November," he declared. Everywhere he found great activity, especially in collecting signatures to place the Party on the ballot. "From year to year the regulations have been made more se-

(Continued on page 4)



WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

Cubans Resent U. S. Imperialists' Threat to Mexico

Newspaper Editorial Expresses Cuban People's Solidarity With Mexican Masses in Resisting Wall Street's Attacks on Oil Issue

(Special to Inter-Continental News)

HAVANA, Cuba, April 23.—A wave of resentment is sweeping Cuba as a result of the note of the United States Government to Mexico, demanding that the disputes of that country with the American oil companies be submitted to international arbitration.

In this new attack on Mexico's sovereignty the Cuban people see the grim threat of Yankee imperialism's diplomacy on their own sovereignty, and they are quick to respond to Mexico's call for solidarity. The sentiment of the Cuban masses is well expressed by Noticias de Hoy, daily newspaper here which writes:

"Tearing off its mask, the government of the United States has revealed in all its nakedness the real character of the boasted 'good neighbor policy' by a brutal attack against Mexican sovereignty. We refer to the ultimatum of the State Department of the United States, which practically demands a disregard of the Mexican laws in the oil question and the submission by the government and peoples of our sister nation to the dictates of the imperialist trusts, the former exploiters of oil in Mexico.

"Naturally the note is sugar-coated, in the manner Yankee imperialism uses when discussing questions regarding the countries of the American continent. But no matter how carefully disguised the note is, the fact remains that

the imperialists are only hiding the dagger which they are attempting to plunge into the heart of the Mexican people. They cannot hide the aggressive policy which is being pursued by Washington, in the interests of the most brutal sections of Yankee imperialism.

"We in our small country, have been experiencing in our own flesh this 'new' policy of Mr. Roosevelt. There have been attempts to impose upon our country a treaty of residence and navigation; we have been forced to accept a reciprocity treaty, which is anything but reciprocity; the imperialists have tried and are trying to choke our economy—in fact we are being choked economically in order to subjugate us politically.

"That is why we understand the situation of Mexico and its people. Jugoslav

"The Cuban people will answer immediately the call sent out by the outstanding Mexican organizations for solidarity in their hour of distress.

"Let the ruling circles of the United States know the opinion of the Cuban masses.

China Prepares 'Telling Blow' Against Enemy

Japanese Offensives Fail, Declares General in Interview

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)
CHUNGKING, China, April 23.—China "is now preparing to inflict a telling blow on the Japanese militarists," General Cheng Chiang, commanding the northwestern front, today told war correspondents.

"In the war with Japan," Gen. Cheng said, "China is guided by the need to destroy the enemy forces and to exhaust his resources. Since the outbreak of the war we have achieved major successes.

"The patriotic spirit, combat efficiency and morale of the Chinese Army, increase daily. China is in a favorable position to conduct a protracted war. The country has an ample supply of raw materials and provisions. At present the Chinese reserves amount to more than 70 divisions.

"The Japanese offensive invariably end in failure. Stalemated in war, Japan continues to resort to political intrigue. The establishment of the bogus Central 'Government' once more proves the weakness of the Japanese. Wang Ching-wei and his confederates enjoy neither the respect nor the confidence of the Chinese people.

"The successful Chinese operations on the fronts again reveal that Japan is unable to conduct a protracted war. We are confident in ultimate victory and will continue armed resistance till the end.

Further reports about the Wang Ching-wei treachery reveal a struggle between the General Secretary of his 'government', one Cheng Ku-po, and Chow Fo-hai, Finance and Police Minister, for second place. First place is being contested by Propaganda Minister Lin Pao-sheng and Public Works Minister Ting Mo-chung.

The former chief of the Nanking puppet government, T'ang Hsing-chi, is also dissatisfied at being appointed president of the control chamber in the newly-organized 'Central Government.' He was demonstratively absent from the last meeting of the Wang Ching-wei political council.

Wang Ching-wei's tour of North China, undertaken to establish closer relations with the northern puppet authorities, ended in failure. The Northern puppets, under the pressure of the Japanese generals, are striving to maintain independence of Wang Ching-wei.

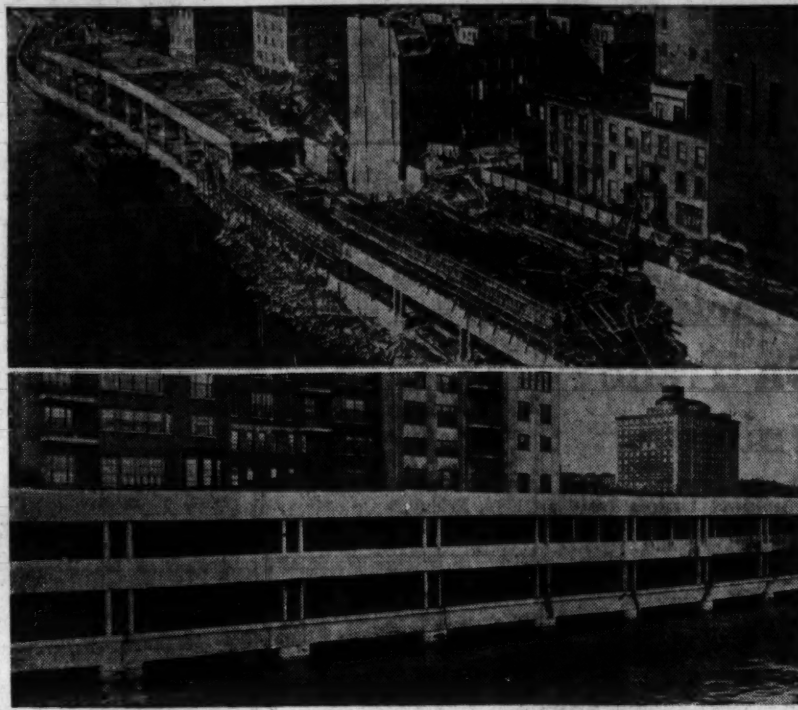
Jugoslav Police Official Jailed

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, April 23 (UP).—Milan Achimovic, former chief of the Belgrade police and former Minister of the Interior, was arrested today and interned at a village in the Bosnian mountains.

Achimovic was a minister in the cabinet of the country's former premier, Milan Stoyadinovich, who last week was put under confinement in a Serbian mountain village.

Quakes Again Hit Turkey; Many Die

ISTANBUL, April 23 (UP).—Many persons were believed to have been killed today when a violent earthquake destroyed scores of homes in the Etrincan district



Here is a view of construction work on New York's \$10,700,000 East River Drive, which at one point becomes a triple deck highway (lower photo), first project of its kind in the world. The lower level will be for northbound express traffic, the second level for southbound, the upper level for local traffic. Work is to be completed before June 1.

N.Y. Times Map of 'Soviet Penetration' In China Branded 'Clumsy Forgery'

(Continued from Page 1)

rent official Soviet publication will indicate that the present State emblem of the U. S. S. R. is surrounded by sheaves, carrying a total of eleven bands, each band representing a constituent republic. The map which you published with Mr. Abend's dispatch shows an emblem carrying seven such bands, a form which has not been used since the beginning of 1937.

EVIDENCE AS TO NAMES

2. There is strong evidence that the place names on the map may have been translated into Russian from an English romanization and pronunciation of the Chinese originals. In most instances, as we shall indicate, the Russian spelling used on this map do not correspond with Russian usage, which can be ascertained on any map of the Far East issued in the U. S. S. R. A few examples will serve to illustrate this point, although in translating the genuine Russian and the map's spurious Russian into English the case is not quite as convincing as would be a comparison of the originals. The province which we know as KWANGTUNG is spelled on the map forward by your correspondent KVANTUNG, whereas on Soviet maps it is spelled GUANDUNG; what we know as KWEICHOW is spelled on your map KVEICHOV and on Soviet maps GUICH-ZHOU; to add even more confusion, the province which, for many years, has been known to us as HOPEI and which is known to official Russian sources as KHE-BEI, is given on your map by its former name, CHZHILI. In general, the map which Mr. Abend took the trouble to send us uses KV for our KW or KU, and follows the Soviet use of GU and follows the English practice of a final NG on such provincial names as SIKANG or KWANGTUNG, where the Russians end their spellings with N.

3. On the map, in Mr. Abend's words, "One bold red-colored line

ending with the head of an arrow also carries the hammer and sickle clear down into Southwestern Yunnan Province, and another similar arrow carries the Soviet emblem into Southeastern Tibet." Our sources of information give no evidence of Soviet penetration in either Tibet or Yunnan. In view of the fact that Tibet borders on a British possession and that Yunnan borders on Burma (British) and on Indo-China (French), this gives every evidence of being a propagandist attempt to provoke British and French interests.

CRITICISM OF THE DISPATCH

4. Putting aside for the moment the question of whether or not the map is one of the crudest forgeries we have seen, we may examine further what Mr. Abend says about it. His dispatch claims for the map even greater Soviet sovereignty over China than does the map itself. In the third paragraph of Mr. Abend's communication he states that the dotted line purporting to indicate the U. S. S. R. border includes "major portions of Ninghsia, Suiyuan and Shensi." An examination of the map on which he was commenting indicates that the dotted line excludes all of Shensi and includes—And doubtfully at that—only small portions of the other provinces mentioned.

5. Evidence of inaccurate editing is found in the square brackets at the end of the first sentence of the third paragraph, which states that Shensi is "part of Inner Mongolia." No one, to our knowledge, has ever considered Shensi as belonging to that area.

6. Mr. Abend states that the "city of Yenan, in Shensi Province" is "marked with the sign of the hammer and sickle," but an examination of the map will indicate that no city in Shensi is thus marked. While an undeniable point near the border of Kansu, Ninghsia and Suiyuan is so marked, as nearly as we can figure out from other maps this

point is the town of Ninghsia which has played no particularly prominent part in Chinese politics.

7. Finally, from the evidence of the map itself, which is labeled "The Red Army for (or on Behalf of) the Tickers of China!" (with no hyphen between the words army and for, as in The Times's own translated caption), it is difficult to see how Mr. Abend can deduce, as he claims to, that the map gives no intimation that Russia is assisting China against Japan.

Our conclusion, drawn solely from the internal evidence of Mr. Abend's dispatch and the accompanying map, is, first, that the map is a clumsy forgery and, second, that Mr. Abend has made even more of it than the forgery warrants. It is regrettable that a paper of The New York Times's usual reliability should publish an article which carries no evidence whatsoever of authenticity.

Frederick W. Field,
Secretary, American Council, Institute of Pacific Relations.

Norwegian Sits With Supreme Allied War Body

PARIS, April 23 (UP).—The Allied Supreme War Council, with Norway and Poland represented for the first time, met in Paris yesterday and today and decided to coordinate the efforts of all four nations in the war against Germany.

The meeting, disclosed by an official announcement, was attended by British Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain, French Premier Paul Reynaud, Polish "Premier" Gen. Wladislaw Sikorski and the Norwegian Minister to France, Winston Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty; Viscount Halifax, foreign secretary; Gen. Edmund Ironside, chief of the Imperial staff, and Admiral Sir A. Dudley P. R. Pound, chief of the naval staff, also were in the British party.

Pravda Devotes Special Edition To Lenin Day

Features Article by Theodore Dreiser; Leading Soviet Authors Contribute; Manuilsky Tells How Lenin Exposed Opportunists

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, April 23.—The enlarged edition of Pravda yesterday was entirely devoted to the 70th anniversary of the birth of V. I. Lenin.

The central organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union published for the first time excerpts from Lenin's concluding remarks to his pamphlet, "Two Tactics of Social Democracy in the Democratic Revolution."

Joseph Stalin's famous speech delivered at the memorial meeting of the military school in the Kremlin, January 28, 1924, occupies a whole column.

Assistant Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR, Rosa Zemlyachka, and other co-workers of Lenin in the days of underground Bolshevik activity, printed their reminiscences in the pages of Pravda.

Lenin's secretary Potyev describes Lenin's work and the conditions in which this work was carried out from the time that the Soviet Government moved from Petrograd.

DREISER CONTRIBUTES

The voice of the Soviet citizen is joined by the American writer Theodore Dreiser who writes that although Lenin is no longer among the living, the social order which he created and which his co-workers and successors have brought to its present might and greatness will never be lost to future generations.

Pravda also featured an article by Dmitri Manuilsky entitled, "Lenin Against Social Democracy." Manuilsky points out that Lenin's name is indissolubly linked with the foundation of the Communist International which continues the militant traditions of the First International, the International of Marx and Engels.

Manuilsky further wrote that today, when the imperialist rulers have again plunged the nations of Europe and Asia into war, when the social chauvinists of the Second International have degenerated into White Guards kindling war, the proletariat of the whole world looks toward the experience of the Bolshevik Party in the struggle against opportunism and social chauvinism, towards the doctrine of Lenin and Stalin.

EXPOSED OPPORTUNISTS

"It seeks for an answer to the burning questions of today in the classical works of Lenin and Stalin," Manuilsky wrote. "To Lenin belongs the great merit that he revealed the social roots of opportunism. He showed how the bourgeoisie of the big states possessing colonies, at the expense of super-profits bought over the upper strata of workers, constituting labor aristocracy, which was the carrier of pre-war opportunism, and which today comes out in the role of champion of the 'ideas' of modern social democracy."

"The war of 1914-1918 ended the period of the comparatively peaceful development of capitalism and marked the beginning of the general crisis of the whole capitalist system.

"The victorious socialist revolution on one-sixth of the globe hastened the processes of decay and the dying out of capitalism. Parliamentary regimes began to collapse in one country after another. The bourgeoisie began to seek a way out of the insoluble contradiction

tions of capitalism by a frantic offensive on the standards of the working people, by establishing open forms of bourgeois dictatorship, by new imperialist wars.

"Everywhere the strata of labor aristocracy contracted, but since the colonial domination of the biggest imperialist powers had not been destroyed, the bourgeoisie continued to feed the contracted strata of labor aristocracy."

Passing over to the question of the present position of the Second International, Manuilsky continued:

"Today the social chauvinists of the Second International not only revise and distort Marxism, today in the overwhelming majority of cases they flatly deny it. They are evermore slipping down, if not in words at any rate in deeds to a new ideology which arose in Italy and whittled at a number of other capitalist countries.

"The leaders of the Second International not only have taken up a position of defense of the bourgeois fatherland, they are the most bellicose party in the camp of imperialism. Under the false mask of an 'anti-fascist war' they are helping the bourgeoisie establish the open terroristic form of bourgeois dictatorship in those countries where bourgeois dictatorship was hitherto clad in parliamentary forms: Blum and Jouhaux, Attlee and Citrine demand that Communists be shot because the bourgeoisie of other countries want to deprive the British and French bourgeoisie of their colonies. The Hoeglunds and Tranmaels vent their impotent rage on Communists because the hopes of the bourgeoisie of the Scandinavian countries to grow rich on the misfortunes of the belligerent countries are crashing. The Thomases and Greens are ready to strangle the Communists of the United States because American capitalist business is not rapidly mending as the result of the war in Europe, because the 'open doors' in the colonies are being closed under the very noses of the American bourgeoisie by other imperialists."

"The present imperialist war is hastening the tempo of the doom of capitalism. It brings into action the forces, which objectively and subjectively prepare the organizational downfall of social democracy. It would be absurd to think that a new labor aristocracy of the British or French type could arise anywhere in the Europe now shaken by war."

"The patience of colonial peoples who no longer wish to pay enormous tributes to their imperialist enslavers is coming to an end. For nearly three years the great Chinese people have been conducting a national emancipation war against Japanese imperialism; the people of India are ever more resolutely raising the question of their national independence. Also other colonial peoples are coming into action. The working people are beginning to ever more clearly understand that the longer they will reconcile themselves to the existence of capitalism the more prolonged will be their sufferings."

War in Norway Rebounds Against Britain--Izvestia

(Continued from Page 1)

quite considerable role in England's foreign trade. Scandinavia, as regards participation in Britain's foreign trade, rivals the United States, England's chief contractor, and also the biggest British colonies and dominions, such as India, Australia, Canada, etc.

BRITAIN LOSES FOOD

"With the tremendous significance and volume of British imports of food products, particularly great importance attaches to Danish exports to England of dairy and meat products and eggs. Now this food export will be sent to Germany."

"But England is dependent on the Scandinavian region not only in the sphere of food supplies. Dependence of the British coal industry on Scandinavian timber is tremendous. England's other requirements of timber, particularly soft types, are covered from Northern sources. Only 41 per cent of imported timber came from countries now accessible to England. In addition to timber, England received from Northern sources a huge quantity of paper and pulp.

"England dispatched to Scandinavia a great quantity of coal, and particularly in 1938 obliged Sweden by a special agreement to take British coal to the extent of 47 per cent of Swedish coal imports.

"It is understandable how there is being increased the economic possibilities of Germany to which

naturally a considerable part of the Scandinavian market will pass.

FDR Confers With Canada's War Premier

WARM SPRINGS, Ga., April 23 (UP).—President Roosevelt conferred today with W. L. Mackenzie King, Canadian prime minister.

Through his secretary, William D. Hassett, Mr. Roosevelt cautioned reporters not to assume he was discussing major problems affecting Canada and the United States.

White House officials informed newspapermen that they would not be permitted to interview King because such an interview "would not be good for the American position."

U. S. Air Attache Died Instantly by Bomb

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UP).—Capt. Robert M. Lossy, American air attache in Norway, died instantly in a bomb explosion that killed "five or six" other persons, the State Department was advised today by Frederick A. Sterling, American minister at Stockholm.

JOHNNY GOT HIS GUN

By Dalton Trumbo

CHAPTER XVIII (Continued)

He felt her finger against his forehead.

He nodded.

He felt her finger tap four times against his forehead.

That is the letter H he thought only she doesn't know it she's got no idea she's just tapping there to test if that's what I want.

He nodded.

He nodded so hard his neck ached and his head seemed to whirl. He nodded so hard the whole bed shook.

Oh thank you god he thought she got it you put the idea where I asked you should thank you. Thank you thank you thank you. He felt her hand pressed against his forehead reassuringly for just a minute. Then he got the rapidly receding vibrations of her footsteps going away. He knew she was running from the room to tell them. The door slammed behind her. The sound quivered against his bedsprings like an electric shock. She was gone.

He lay back surprised to find how exhausted he was. It was like he had worked three nights in a row at the bakery during the summer when he couldn't get any sleep in the daytime. The breath was gone out of him and his head throbbed and every muscle in his body was sore. Yet inside he was all confetti and high-flying flags and double-time band music that marched up and up straight into the face

SYNOPSIS

Joe Bonham at last found a real hope for the first time since a shell-blasted him into a living death. His new nurse understood that he was trying to say something with his incessant tapings, tapings, tapings. She tried one thing after the other. She was very systematic, very thorough. She took off some covers, put some more on, brought him a bed pan, a bed urinal, fixed his bandage, adjusted his breathing tube, rubbed his body. Each time he shook his head and lay quietly. Then she rubbed his head, scratched his scalp, smoothed his hair, fanned him. He shook his head. He started tapping again, a little desperately but still hopeful. Maybe she would walk out of the room and never again return. Maybe he would get a nurse who would be just like the old one. He knew he would go mad if that happened. The new nurse was the worst to him, she was friendship, she was all the people in the world. He prayed to himself fiercely that he would succeed, that she would come back and understand. It is only such a little thing to tell someone one little thought, he said to himself.

of the sun. He had done it he had succeeded the thing was accomplished and even though he lay perfectly still perfectly exhausted it seemed he could see the whole world lying below him. There was no telling it there was no thinking it there was no imagining it he was so happy.

It was as if all the people in the world the whole two billion of them had been against him pushing the lid of the coffin down on him tamping the dirt solid against the lid rearing great stones above the dirt to keep him in the earth. Yet he had risen. He had lifted the lid he had thrown away the dirt he had tossed the granite aside like a snowball and now he was above the surface he was standing in the air was leaping

with every step miles above the earth. He was like nobody else who had ever lived. He had a new life he was like god.

The doctors who brought their friends in to see him would no longer say here is a man who has lived without arms ears eyes nose mouth isn't it wonderful? They would say here is a man who can think here is a man who can lay in his bed with only a cut of meat to hold him together and yet he thought of a way to talk. Listen to him speak. You see his mind is unaffected he speaks like you and me he is a person he has identity he is part of the world. And he is part of the world only because he is by himself with perhaps the aid of a prayer and a god figured out a way to speak.

look at him and then let us ask you if this isn't even more wonderful than all the splendid operations we have performed upon his stump?

He knew now that he had never been really happy in his whole life. There had been times when he had thought he was happy but none of them were like this. There was the time when all year long he had wanted an erector set and when at Christmas time he got it. That was probably as happy as he had ever been while he was a kid. There was the time when Karen told him she loved him and that was as happy as he had ever been up to the time the shell exploded and blew him out of the world. But this happiness this new wild happiness was greater than anything he could conceive. It was a thing so absolute so towering so out of this world that it hit him almost like delirium. His legs that were smashed and gone got up and danced. His arms that were rotted these five six seven years swung fantastically free at his sides to keep time with the dance. The eyes they had taken from him looked up from whatever garbage heap they had been consigned to and saw all the beauties of the world. The ears that were shattered and full of silence rang suddenly with music. The mouth that had been hacked away from his face and now was filled with dust returned to sing. Be-

cause he had done it. He had accomplished the impossible. He had spoken to them like god out of a cloud out of a thick cloud and now he was floating on top of the cloud and he was a man again.

And the nurse. . .

He could imagine her running through the halls. He could hear her clattering like a noisy ghost through the halls of death. He could feel her running from ward to ward from the ward of the

cripples to the ward of the deaf men to the ward of the blind men to the ward of the voiceless men summoning all the people of the hospital screaming out to them the news of the wonder that had happened. He could hear her voice as she told them that up in a little room far away from the rest of the hospital a lid had been lifted from a coffin a stone had been rolled away from a tomb and a dead man was tapping and talking. Never before in the world

had the dead spoken never since Lazarus and Lazarus didn't say anything. Now he would tell them everything. He would speak from the dead. He would tell all the secrets of the dead. And while he thought of what he would tell them the nurse was running running running through wards and corridors from floor to floor from basement to attic all through that great place from which so many dead had gone. She was trumpeting through the hospital like the angel Gabriel telling them to come and to listen to the voice of the dead.

While he waited for all the people she had summoned to come to him he could feel their presence as a thousand people in that moment before the curtain goes up. He could feel the vibrations of their footsteps dozens of them as they thronged into his room. He could feel his bed jostled back and forth as they pressed against it in their eagerness. The springs of his bed seemed to send up a constant hum as his guests shifted for positions to get a better view of the dead man who was speaking. The temperature of the room became so much warmer that he could almost feel the heat of their massed bodies against the skin of his neck and the half of his forehead that was naked above the mask.

Then the door opened. He felt

the vibration of a footstep a light one the nurse's footstep. He strained to feel the rest. Then came the vibrations of another footstep this one heavier belonging to a man. He waited for the rest he waited for the hum of his bedsprings. But everything was quiet. Everything was still. There was no one in the room for the great thing that was about to happen except him and his nurse and this heavy-footed stranger. No one at all but the three of them. He felt an odd pang of disappointment that they should consider such a great event so lightly. And then he remembered the thing that was even more important than crowds. He lay there stiff quiet more like a dead man that he had ever been before. He lay there waiting to receive his response.

A finger came out of the darkness a finger so enormous that it shattered against his forehead like the crash of a pile driver. It echoed inside his brain like thunder in a cave. The finger began to tap. . .

W H A T
D O
Y O U
W A N T
What do you want?
(To be continued tomorrow)



—Illustrated by Ellis

Alive by Miracle of Surgery



Pictured in her bed at Knickerbocker Hospital, Mrs. Eloise Edrains, 19, is recovering from a bullet-pierced heart. Shot accidentally when she picked up a revolver in her home, she was rushed to the hospital where three stitches were taken in her heart.

CIO Pact Boosts Pay for Negroes, Whites in Va.

World's Largest Peanut Firm Signs with Agricultural Workers Union; Contract Covers 650 Negroes; 350 Whites

(Special to the Daily Worker)
SUFFOLK, Va., April 23.—A contract was signed here today between Local 232 of the United Cannery, Agricultural and Packing Union C.I.O., with the Planters Nut and Chocolate Co., the largest peanut concern in the world. This new contract, which marks the third time since collective bargaining relations were established in the Fall of 1937, covers approximately 1,000 employees, about 650 Negro and 350 white.

Akron Pickets Stop 'Back to Work' Move

Massed Line at General Tire Co. Plant Holds Scabs Outside

(Special to the Daily Worker)
AKRON, April 23.—More than 2,000 rubber workers massed at the plant of the General Tire Co. yesterday to thwart the company's back-to-work attempt in the two-week long strike of the United Rubber Workers, CIO.

Despite the presence of more than 100 policemen only 18 of the 1,200 in the company's production force entered the plant.

This was Akron's largest picket line since the Firestone strike two years ago. There was high enthusiasm, shouting and booing, but no physical clashes of any sort.

The successful picket line yesterday was the outcome of two mass meetings of the Goodyear and General locals of the URW addressed by Allan S. Haywood, national director of the CIO and William Carmichael, regional director of the CIO of New Jersey, himself a former rubber worker.

6 Wreck Victims Buried; Five Others Are Dead

SLAYTON, Minn., April 23 (UP).—Six of 11 victims in the nation's worst pleasure car collision were buried today.

Funeral services for four victims were held at Jackson, a town of 2,200 residents in southwestern Minnesota. Two others, both high school girls, were buried at nearby Fulda, a village of 800.

WANT-ADS

Rates per word
Daily Sunday
1 time 25
2 times 40
3 times 55
Times 4-10 70
Times 11-15 85
Times 16-20 1.00
Times 21-25 1.15
Times 26-30 1.30
Times 31-35 1.45
Times 36-40 1.60
Times 41-45 1.75
Times 46-50 1.90
Times 51-55 2.05
Times 56-60 2.20
Times 61-65 2.35
Times 66-70 2.50
Times 71-75 2.65
Times 76-80 2.80
Times 81-85 2.95
Times 86-90 3.10
Times 91-95 3.25
Times 96-100 3.40
Times 101-105 3.55
Times 106-110 3.70
Times 111-115 3.85
Times 116-120 4.00
Times 121-125 4.15
Times 126-130 4.30
Times 131-135 4.45
Times 136-140 4.60
Times 141-145 4.75
Times 146-150 4.90
Times 151-155 5.05
Times 156-160 5.20
Times 161-165 5.35
Times 166-170 5.50
Times 171-175 5.65
Times 176-180 5.80
Times 181-185 5.95
Times 186-190 6.10
Times 191-195 6.25
Times 196-200 6.40
Times 201-205 6.55
Times 206-210 6.70
Times 211-215 6.85
Times 216-220 7.00
Times 221-225 7.15
Times 226-230 7.30
Times 231-235 7.45
Times 236-240 7.60
Times 241-245 7.75
Times 246-250 7.90
Times 251-255 8.05
Times 256-260 8.20
Times 261-265 8.35
Times 266-270 8.50
Times 271-275 8.65
Times 276-280 8.80
Times 281-285 8.95
Times 286-290 9.10
Times 291-295 9.25
Times 296-300 9.40
Times 301-305 9.55
Times 306-310 9.70
Times 311-315 9.85
Times 316-320 10.00
Times 321-325 10.15
Times 326-330 10.30
Times 331-335 10.45
Times 336-340 10.60
Times 341-345 10.75
Times 346-350 10.90
Times 351-355 11.05
Times 356-360 11.20
Times 361-365 11.35
Times 366-370 11.50
Times 371-375 11.65
Times 376-380 11.80
Times 381-385 11.95
Times 386-390 12.10
Times 391-395 12.25
Times 396-400 12.40
Times 401-405 12.55
Times 406-410 12.70
Times 411-415 12.85
Times 416-420 13.00
Times 421-425 13.15
Times 426-430 13.30
Times 431-435 13.45
Times 436-440 13.60
Times 441-445 13.75
Times 446-450 13.90
Times 451-455 14.05
Times 456-460 14.20
Times 461-465 14.35
Times 466-470 14.50
Times 471-475 14.65
Times 476-480 14.80
Times 481-485 14.95
Times 486-490 15.10
Times 491-495 15.25
Times 496-500 15.40
Times 501-505 15.55
Times 506-510 15.70
Times 511-515 15.85
Times 516-520 16.00
Times 521-525 16.15
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Times 596-600 18.40
Times 601-605 18.55
Times 606-610 18.70
Times 611-615 18.85
Times 616-620 19.00
Times 621-625 19.15
Times 626-630 19.30
Times 631-635 19.45
Times 636-640 19.60
Times 641-645 19.75
Times 646-650 19.90
Times 651-655 20.05
Times 656-660 20.20
Times 661-665 20.35
Times 666-670 20.50
Times 671-675 20.65
Times 676-680 20.80
Times 681-685 20.95
Times 686-690 21.10
Times 691-695 21.25
Times 696-700 21.40
Times 701-705 21.55
Times 706-710 21.70
Times 711-715 21.85
Times 716-720 22.00
Times 721-725 22.15
Times 726-730 22.30
Times 731-735 22.45
Times 736-740 22.60
Times 741-745 22.75
Times 746-750 22.90
Times 751-755 23.05
Times 756-760 23.20
Times 761-765 23.35
Times 766-770 23.50
Times 771-775 23.65
Times 776-780 23.80
Times 781-785 23.95
Times 786-790 24.10
Times 791-795 24.25
Times 796-800 24.40
Times 801-805 24.55
Times 806-810 24.70
Times 811-815 24.85
Times 816-820 25.00
Times 821-825 25.15
Times 826-830 25.30
Times 831-835 25.45
Times 836-840 25.60
Times 841-845 25.75
Times 846-850 25.90
Times 851-855 26.05
Times 856-860 26.20
Times 861-865 26.35
Times 866-870 26.50
Times 871-875 26.65
Times 876-880 26.80
Times 881-885 26.95
Times 886-890 27.10
Times 891-895 27.25
Times 896-900 27.40
Times 901-905 27.55
Times 906-910 27.70
Times 911-915 27.85
Times 916-920 28.00
Times 921-925 28.15
Times 926-930 28.30
Times 931-935 28.45
Times 936-940 28.60
Times 941-945 28.75
Times 946-950 28.90
Times 951-955 29.05
Times 956-960 29.20
Times 961-965 29.35
Times 966-970 29.50
Times 971-975 29.65
Times 976-980 29.80
Times 981-985 29.95
Times 986-990 30.10
Times 991-995 30.25
Times 996-1000 30.40

FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT
(Manhattan)
17TH ST., 125 W. Newly furnished 3 rooms; complete kitchen, tile bath, phone service; reasonable rent.

APARTMENT TO SHARE
(Manhattan)
18TH ST., 226 W. Attractive apartment; \$18; girl; telephone. Dolinsky, Evenings.

APARTMENT TO SUBLET
(Manhattan)
17TH ST., 358 W. (S.A.). Attractive 3 room sunny apartment; large room, closets, electric refrigerator, all conveniences; through ventilation; cool for summer; furnished-unfurnished; reasonable. Available May 1st. Call 2-4515. Call evenings.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT
(Manhattan)
RIVERSIDE, 270. Beautiful, spacious, bath, single \$6.50; double \$8.50. Polon.

16TH ST., 35 W. Beautiful 2 room apartment, kitchenette, \$7. Single \$4.50.

23RD ST., 358 W. Attractive, modern, improvements; 1-2; kitchenette; \$8 up.

44TH ST., 361 W. Clean, sunny outside rooms; all improvements; reasonable.

11TH ST., 511 W. (Apt. 33). Large cheerful room; reasonable. Mon. 2-5491.

FOR SALE
EDISON BARGAIN—Cleaner, Lamp, Iron, Westinghouse Refrigerator, Refrigerator, Myers, Hickman 4-9024.

TRAVEL
PASSENGERS, Automobiles, Share Expenses to all points. American Travel Club, 147 W. 42nd. Longacre 3-3163.

John L. Lewis Speaks at Negro Congress Friday

Citizenship And Rights Main Topics

Discussions by Leaders on All Phases of Negro Problems Scheduled

(Special to the Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, April 23.—When the gavel raps the Third National Negro Congress into session Friday evening at 8 o'clock and John L. Lewis, President of the CIO, and A. Philip Randolph, President of the National Negro Congress, deliver their respective speeches, the first act of a drama dealing with the lives of 15,000,000 Negroes in America, which has been months in planning, will have its first night. Rev. Arthur D. Gray, Chairman of the Washington Council of the National Negro Congress will call the meeting to order with the historic gavel which is to be used throughout all the sessions of the Third National Congress. This gavel was made especially for the National Negro Congress by Hampton Institute students in 1935 from a piece of wood from one of the last slave ships to touch American shores. It was used to open the First National Negro Congress in Chicago in 1935, the Second Congress in Philadelphia in 1937, and the First Southern Negro Youth Congress in Richmond in 1937.

After the invocation by Rev. W. H. Jernagin, President of the National Baptist Sunday School Convention and Vice-President of the National Negro Congress, the audience will sing the "Star Spangled Banner" and the Washington Council will welcome the Third National Negro Congress through Reverend Gray.

President Randolph will speak next, followed by an interlude of music, then the address by the President of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, John L. Lewis.

TO HEAR PROBLEMS
This session will be open to the general public.

The curtain will rise on the second act of the Congress, Saturday morning at 9:30. President Philip Randolph, as chairman, will outline the convention procedure and receive the preliminary report of the temporary credentials committee.

From this point until adjournment at 1 o'clock the convention will hear the reports of the National Secretary, the National Treasurer, pictures of the entire convention will be taken on the steps of the U. S. Department of Labor Auditorium, and brief meetings of elected committees will be held to select chairmen and secretaries.

Next on the agenda will be panels on Economic Security, Social Security, Citizenship Rights, and Cultural Freedom. The chairmen and discussion leaders are as follows:

Economic Security: Ismael Flory, Chicago Council; discussion by Louis Burnham, Harlem Youth Federation; Mr. Goldie, Ervin, Philadelphia Council; David Lasser, President of the Workers Alliance of America.

Social Security: Miss Jessie Scott, Brooklyn Young Women's Christian Association; discussion leaders: Malcolm Dobbs, Executive Secretary of the Council of Young Southerners; and Professor Doxy Wilkerson, International Vice-President of the American Federation of Teachers.

Citizenship Rights: Mason Smith, President of the Texas Negro People's Congress; discussion leaders: Dr. Charles A. Lewis, President of the Philadelphia Council of the National Negro Congress; Herman Long, President of the Southern Negro Youth Congress; Congressman Vito Marcantonio of New York; and Joseph Gelders, Secretary of the Civil Rights Committee of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare.

Cultural Freedom: Rev. Marshall Shepherd, Pennsylvania; discussion leaders: Dr. George E. Haynes, Executive Secretary of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America; and Rabbi Moses Miller, President of the Jewish People's Committee.

"The Negro Farm Problem in America" will be the subject for the second general session late Saturday afternoon with Dr. Charlotte Hawkins Brown, President of the Palmer Institute and Vice-President of the National Negro Congress as chairman, discussion leader, Owen Whitfield, International Vice-President of the United Cannery, Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America.

A brief devotional service will precede discussions by youth groups Sunday morning from 11 to 1, presided by Edward Strong.

The panels started Saturday afternoon will be continued on Sunday afternoon with the following people participating:

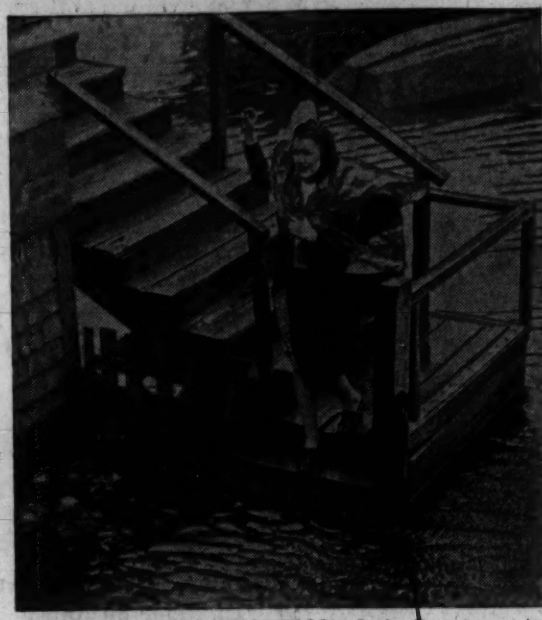
Economic Security: Dr. Charles Wesley Burton, Vice-President of the National Negro Congress; Mr. Philip Murray, Chairman of the Steel Workers Organizing Committee; Mr. Joseph Curran, President of the National Maritime Union; and Mr. George Brown, International Vice-President of the Hotel and Restaurant Workers International Alliance and Bartenders' League of America.

Social Security: Mr. James H. Baker, Jr., Regional Director of the National Negro Congress; Dr. Dorothy Boulding Ferebee, National President of Alpha Kappa Alpha Sorority; Dr. Robert C. Weaver, Race Relations Director of the United States Housing Authority.

Citizenship Rights: Dr. Albert Forsythe, National Board Member of the National Negro Congress; Mr. James A. Brier, President of the Greenville, S. C., Branch of the N. A. A. C. P.; Mr. Charles H. Houston, Special Counsel for the N. A. A. C. P.; Mr. William H. Hastie, Dean of Howard University Law School.

Cultural Freedom: Mr. Arthur Huff Fauset, author of "Sojourner Truth" and other volumes; Mr. Powell Lindsay, playwright; Miss Gwendolyn Bennett, Director of the Harlem Art Project; Mr. Sterling Brown, author of "Southern Road."

The final business session will start Sunday evening with a report of the Credentials Committee. Other reports will be those of the Committee on Organization, the Committee on Resolutions, and the report of the Presiding Committee on Nominations, followed by election of officers and adjournment.



STRANDED IN BAY STATE FLOOD—Louise Fraser waves to a neighbor for assistance as she is marooned in her home, Mass. home by flood waters. Overturned boat can be seen in background. Flood up by 52-mile wind, surf broke through sea walls and flooded the coast.

Executive Secretary of the Race Relations Department of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America; and Rabbi Moses Miller, President of the Jewish People's Committee.

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Canadian Auto Workers Vote Strike in GM

81 Per Cent Approve Walkout Set for Today

OSHAWA, Ont., April 23 (UP).—Officials of the United Auto Workers of America (UAW) said today that 81 per cent of the employees of General Motors' three Canadian plants had approved a strike scheduled for 5 P. M. unless the company consents to begin contract negotiations.

Employees approved the strike call after Harry J. Carmichael, vice president and general manager of the company, had informed George Burt, UAW regional director, that the company would not negotiate a new agreement, the union said.

The strike was expected to start at 5 A. M. today but the union put it off until Wednesday.

Sealise Hearing Is Postponed Until Friday

A hearing on extortion charges for George Sealise, president of the Building Service Employees International Union was postponed yesterday until Friday when a representative of the district attorney announced in General Sessions Court that an indictment was being drawn against the union official.

It was understood that the indictment will name Sealise, Isidore Schwartz, official eastern representative of the international, and his brother, Louis, president of Local 32-J. The indictment was said to be one of the most inclusive ever drawn here.

Sealise was the only survivor of the three in the engine cab. Authorities postponed a formal inquest pending his recovery.

New York Central workmen labored at the wreckage of the locomotive and tender. All the rest of the wreckage had been removed.

ALBANY, April 23 (UP).—Investigators today studied the testimony of railroad employees concerning the wreck of the Lake Shore Limited at Little Falls, postponing additional hearings.

The testimony, taken from surviving crew members and other employees on duty between Albany and Little Falls last Friday night when the train derailed and killed 30 passengers, was given at a hearing attended by Interstate Commerce and Public Service Commission investigators.

Railroad officials kept newspapermen from hearing most of the testimony.

Meanwhile, Engine Foreman Andrew Bayreuther, recovering in Little Falls hospital, was unable to tell authorities his version of the accident.

Bayreuther was the only survivor of the three in the engine cab. Authorities postponed a formal inquest pending his recovery.

New York Central workmen labored at the wreckage of the locomotive and tender. All the rest of the wreckage had been removed.

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Secret Probe Of Rail Wreck Ends at Albany

Employees Testify But N. Y. Central Keeps Testimony Secret

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Ohio River Floods Market At Cincinnati

'Mop Brigades' Clean Up as Water Recedes at Marietta

CINCINNATI, O., April 23 (UP).—Business was halted in the lower Cincinnati produce district today as the Ohio River crept toward a predicted crest tomorrow of 80 feet—eight feet above flood stage. The river passed 58.22 feet this morning.

Mrs. Amelia McClure, chairman of the executive committee of the Red Cross in Cincinnati, said 500 families were in the flood's path and would have to move.

Coney Island, amusement resort near Cincinnati, was under water. Backwater poured into Crosley Field, where the Cincinnati Reds play.

One hundred produce establishments were in the flood zone. Three railroads moved their cars from the produce yards.

Plans were made to remove 2,400 persons from their river front homes at Newport, Ky., Cincinnati suburb.

"Mop and Bucket" brigades composed mostly of Marietta College students, began cleaning up at Marietta, Ohio, today. The Ohio River reached a crest eight and a half feet above flood level there yesterday.

Five-slacks of the Marietta business district was under water. Most of the water was expected to be off the streets by tonight.

Four hundred Marietta homes were partly flooded yesterday.

ANNENBERG
PLEADS GUILTY
TO TAX EVASION

CHICAGO, April 23 (UP).—M. L. Annenberg today pleaded guilty to evasion of \$1,217,296 taxes on the income from his publishing and radio race information services for 1936 but pleaded innocent to all other income tax charges against him.

United States Attorney William J. Campbell announced the government would dismiss all the other counts against Annenberg.

The original indictment had demanded \$5,548,384 in taxes, interest and penalties for the years 1932-36.

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May Day Slogans

The slogans for next Wednesday's May Day demonstration adopted by the United May Day Conference center around the needs and demands of the people of New York for jobs, peace and civil liberties. The full list of 44 slogans adopted by the conference follows:

For Jobs, Peace and Civil Rights
 Unity of Labor Will Smash Reaction
 Put America Back to Work
 We Want Jobs Over Here—Not Death Over There
 Budget the Profits—Not the People's Needs
 Pass the Wagner Health Bill
 End Lynch Terror! Pass the Anti-Lynch Bill!
 Crush Anti-Semitism
 New York Slums Must Go
 Make New York a Union Town
 Labor! Unite Against the Hunger Budget
 Build Hospitals for Health—Not As Tombs for War Cripples
 The Yanks Are Not Coming; There Is No Future in Flanders Field
 Mr. President! You've Made Peace with the Economic Royalists—But We Have Just Begun to Fight
 Save the Wagner Act! Defeat the Smith Amendments!
 Dissolve the un-American Dies Committee!
 Defeat the Attacks on the Trade Unions
 End Child Labor
 Unity Between Negroes and Whites
 Adequate Relief for the Unemployed
 Free All Labor Prisoners
 Free the Scottsboro Boys
 For a Thirty-Hour Week
 Education and Jobs for Young America
 Use the Anti-Trust Laws to Bust the Trusts, Not the Unions!
 Pass the American Youth Act
 Defend Our Democratic Rights
 Build the Unity of the Working Class
 War Is Destruction—Keep Out of War
 School Educates—War Mutilates
 Send Labor Representatives to Congress
 Extend Unemployment Insurance to All Wage Earners
 Defeat the Merit-Rating System Bill
 Increase WPA Appropriations
 Stop the June 1st WPA Layoffs
 Investigate the Federal Bureau Investigators
 Return the City Council to the Air—We Want to Hear What Goes On There
 I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier for Wall Street
 We're Against F.D.R.'s Armaments Rations, We're for the Forgotten One-Third of Our Nation
 Increase N.Y.A. Appropriations
 Pass the Marcantonio Bill for 3 Million Jobs!
 Defeat the Anti-Allen Bills!
 Americans All—Immigrants All
 Foreign Born Were Fathers of Our Country; Stop Deportations!

Jobless, She Visits Mayor To Get Help

LaGuardia in Capital, Crippled Secretary Slips into Office

Mayor LaGuardia was in Washington yesterday, but his swivel chair was occupied at least for a half hour by a guest who slipped into his office unheralded and uninvited.

The guest was Miss Geraldine Wheeler, an unemployed and crippled secretary.

Miss Wheeler, said she had spent everything but her last \$2 and wanted to see the Mayor because he was "so human." She explained she expected the Mayor would find work for her.

The woman, who appeared to be emotionally upset over her plight, slipped into the Mayor's office before noon unnoticed by the police

detail and the Mayor's secretarial corps. She would not disclose how she reached the Mayor's inner sanctum. It was believed she walked up the main staircase to the second floor of City Hall and entered the Mayor's office by coming down a back staircase from the Board of Estimate chamber.

When Miss Wheeler was discovered seated behind the Mayor's big desk, policemen and Stanley Howe, secretary to the Mayor, asked her to leave. She stayed put, however, until finally Miss Gertrude Keane, another secretary, persuaded Miss Wheeler to the office of Mr. Howe.

Miss Wheeler had with her a letter to Mr. Howe from Carl Norcross, assistant of the State Education Department, stating she was a conscientious worker who had been laid off.

The woman had no place to go. She was frightened.

Mr. Howe gave Miss Wheeler \$10, which she promised to repay and made arrangements for her room and board in the Federation Hotel, 443 W. 22nd St.

Get the "Browder Library" for your own collection. See that it reaches the homes of your friends!



DO YOU have a backyard or a bit of vacant lot next door that you can use for a family-sized garden? If you have a plot of land to till, you can get a long way toward building up your family diet and cutting down your food budget.

Here are some hints for those who wish to go in for some outdoor exercise and a small-scale vegetable garden.

First, be sure that the sun shines at least five hours each bright day on your land. Garden planned near or under large trees that use up all the moisture and plant food are doomed to failure from the start. Shade from buildings is less objectionable but your crops must have sunshine.

Second, ground completely covered with clinders or trash or made up very largely of stones and gravel is useless so far as growing a good garden is concerned. A good rule is to observe the growth of weeds on the land; if there is a good crop of weeds, vegetables will grow.

Third, if it is possible choose a plot of land that is level or gently sloping toward the south or southeast. Be sure the drainage is good, but not so steep as to wash off the top soil during rains. Land in a pocket where it will be flooded by

drainage water from higher land is unsatisfactory. An ideal garden soil is deep, dark, sandy loam, which should break up easily.

Fourth, buy only the highest quality seeds and plants. If you use seeds left over from the first planting, store them in a cool, dry place until needed for later planting, but always look with suspicion on seeds left over from last year.

More advice for urbanite gardeners can be found in Farmers' Bulletin 1044, "The City Home Garden." You can get a copy by writing to the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

CLEANING LEATHER UPHOLSTERY

The best way to clean leather upholstery is not by using oil or furniture polish—but just a good dose of soap and water.

That's the advice of the Bureau of Home Economics.

Make a thick suds of mild neutral soap, using as little water as possible. Then go over the leather with the suds, wiping off every trace of soap with a damp cloth. The last step is to dry and polish the surface with a soft dry cloth.

Remember never to use furniture polish, furniture oil, or varnish on leather. The danger with these is that many contain solvents which will soften the finish on the leather and make it sticky.

Canadian Seamen Win Strike Settlement



President William Winn of the Sarnia Canadian Seamen's Council confers with members of the Canadian Seamen's Union (AFL), following settlement of 6-day strike of 4,900 seamen for higher wages and a union shop.

Jobs, Rights, Peace—Slogans For May Day

Work Not War Will Be Main Demand of Marchers

Jobs, peace and civil rights will be the central demands of New York's May Day demonstration next Wednesday.

These demands top the list of 44 slogans issued yesterday by the United May Day Committee. The committee calls upon the people of New York to come out into the streets to fight to put America back to work and to stop administration war intrigues.

The whole wide range of the people's needs—from "Jobs Over Here—Not Deaths Over There" to "Pass the Wagner Health Bill," from "Save the Wagner Act" to "Defeat the Smith Amendments" to "End Lynch Terror! Pass the Anti-Lynch Bill"—are included in the list.

The needs of young America get their share of attention. The committee calls for education and jobs for the youth, for the passage of the American Youth Act, "Dissolve the un-American Dies Committee," heads the slogans demanding the preservation of the civil liberties of the people and the defeat of the anti-alien bills now in Congress.

Thousands of Puerto Ricans are expected to march next Wednesday, the committee announced. It also issued a call for all other Spanish-speaking groups to participate in the demonstration to fight against the "Dollar Diplomacy" of the Roosevelt Administration and the mistreatment of Spanish refugees in France. The committee invited all groups to contact it at 45 Astor Place in order to assure proper arrangements for the march.

U. S. Air Mission To Be Sent to Chile

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UP).—The State Department announced today conclusion of an agreement by which the United States will send a military aviation mission to Chile for three years to cooperate with that government in national defense problems.

Teamsters Seek Contributions For Trial Victims

Forced to give up work and sit in court listening to charges against them and their union in a trial that is expected to drag for two months, 36 defendants of Teamsters 807, are seeking funds to help feed their families during that period.

They will send representatives to all labor organizations in quest of support and explain how the charge on a Sherman Anti-Trust Act and the Anti-Rackets Act indictments is aimed at all unions.

Gov't Bares Anti-Union Aim In 807 Trial

Enforcement of Union Contract Classified as Crime

(Continued from Page 1)

sue against Local 807 was sharply rebuffed in the cross-examination of Goddard. The witness Monday told a story of how in the Spring of 1938 Charles A. Brown, a Negro driver, was beaten and driven off the job as helper to Weinheimer. He described how after a fight between the two, Weinheimer came with several other teamsters and beat Brown. Brown is the man who several weeks ago was found dead from a bullet shot while driving along the Hudson Parkway. But his death has not been linked to the trial. From remarks attributed to Weinheimer and to Austin Fury, who was then union delegate, Goddard Monday sought to convey an impression that Brown was driven off the job because he is a Negro.

OPPOSED KICK-BACK In yesterday's cross-examination Goddard admitted that Weinheimer objected because Brown "worked for under the hat" pay" (kick-back) and that Brown, who once worked with him before, is very quarrelsome and can't get along with anyone. Murray further brought out that Local 807 has a Negro membership of about 10 per cent. Goddard admitted of his own personal knowledge of unionized companies who have employed Negro drivers steadily for five years.

To top this, Goddard had earlier told the court of how Weinheimer on two occasions brought friends of his to be hired as drivers. One of these, he said, was a fellow nicknamed "Yellow"—Earnest Tesman, a Negro, and member of 807.

Goddard charged that a stoppage by his drivers over \$2.65 in overtime pay the firm refused to pay Weinheimer, was what finally put the company out of business. Under cross-examination it developed that a conference on the stoppage involving his drivers; the owner, Mr. Lovell of Boston and William Campbell then union delegate, discussed the "worthless" pay checks; overtime refusal, lateness in wage payment, refusal to pay full union wages, failure of the company to pay unemployment and social security taxes and Goddard wasn't quite sure if it also concerned failure to pay compensation taxes.

It is when the company claimed it could not adhere to the contract, he admitted, that Campbell told him:

"If you can't pay your help union wages then you may as well go back to Boston."

This is the government's example of "restraint of trade."

PLANNED KICKBACK Earlier Murray brought out that Goddard's firm sought "under-the-hat" arrangements with its drivers, going as far as inviting Weinheimer and several others to a drinking fest. Wages as low as \$18 were paid drivers until "troublesome" Weinheimer came on the scene, and that bouncing checks were a common occurrence.

Another incident recited by Goddard was of an alleged beating up

Boston Plans City's Biggest May Day Rally

Peace to Be Keypnote of Mass Meeting on Boston Common

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, April 23.—May Day in this hub of New England will be dedicated to Peace.

Final plans for the observance of the biggest May 1 in the history of the city were outlined at a meeting of the May Day Committee which includes more than 100 delegates of trade unions, mass organizations, groups of workers from the shops and representatives of Communist Party branches in the city.

The rally will be held next Wednesday at the Charles St. Mall on Boston Common at 5 P. M. immediately after the close of the work day for thousands of Boston workers.

Nearly 100,000 pieces of May Day literature have been distributed by the committee thus far in Greater Boston. Factories, union halls and many community organizations are yet to be covered in the distribution.

Special significance of the day has been stressed in the appeals to unions and other organizations for participation since this May Day occurs in the midst of the second imperialist war.

The Boston gathering will demonstrate the solidarity of the working class against the war-makers of all nations.

Speakers at the rally will be Pat Toohey, member of the National Committee of the Communist Party, Ann Burlak, administrative secretary of the Communist Party of Massachusetts, Pat O'Dea, president of the Young Communist League of Massachusetts and Phil Frankfield, secretary of the Communist Party here.

Otis A. Hood, Communist candidate for governor will be the chairman.

Censored! N. Y. Court Bans 'Birth of Baby'

ALBANY, April 23 (UP).—The Court of Appeals ruled unanimously today that the motion picture, "The Birth of a Baby," cannot be shown in New York theatres.

The court upheld lower court decisions denying the petition of the American Committee on Maternal Welfare Inc., which sought to license the picture for general distribution in theatres throughout the state.

The Court of Appeals decision upheld refusal of education department censors who ruled the picture was not "proper" for general use.

of his employer Lovell at Pier 66. On cross-examination it developed that Weinheimer objected to Lovell handling freight—an infringement on union rules—and that the scuffle went no further than Weinheimer pushing his boss away. Goddard wasn't sure if Lovell hadn't first struck Weinheimer. He further admitted that after arbitration on the matter, Weinheimer remained in the employ of the company.

U. S. Attorney John T. Cahill was sharply rebuked by Judge Hubert Murray at one point in the trial yesterday, when he argued for his right to question a witness on a certain point in a union contract. He claimed that on the strength that a judge in another court permitted such procedure.

"I am not presiding over any other trial but this one and I'll take the full responsibility," the judge shot back.

"I don't feel I have to be guided by what any other judge did in his trial."

George Beatty, a truck-owner of Uniontown, Pa., who also claims that the union contract put him out of business, was still on the stand on adjournment.

Negro Delegation Urges Council to Back Geyer Bill

Poll Tax Called 'National Evil' and Threat to Democratic Rights; Negro Congress to Submit Resolution to Baldwin Today

Pointing to the threat to democracy inherent in poll tax restrictions in southern states, a delegation of prominent Negroes asked City Council members yesterday to memorialize Congress to pass the Geyer Bill, which would abolish the poll tax.

The delegation, representing the National Negro Congress, will submit a resolution on the matter to Councilman Joseph Clark Baldwin, Manhattan Republican, today for introduction at Thursday's Council meeting.

"The existence of the poll tax as a requirement for voting in eight states is a national and not a regional evil," said James H. Baker, Jr., regional director of the National Negro Congress and leader of the delegation.

"The disfranchisement of common people in those states has had tragic consequences for the people in all other states. Protection of the rights guaranteed by the Constitution is not only fundamental to the concept of democracy, but also its violation constitutes an opening wedge for infiltration of anti-democratic principles."

Accompanying Mr. Baker in the delegation to City Hall was Reverend John Robinson, local school board member; Mrs. Lilyan Jiggett, Mr. Herbert Anderson, Mrs. Audrey Moore and Dr. Arnold Donawa.

TWU Votes Assessment For Cab Strike

6,000 to Be Affected in Walkout for New Pact

A meeting of the full joint Executive board of the Transport Workers Union, consisting of over 500 representatives of the local's 130 sections, voted last night to levy a weekly strike benefit assessment for the duration of a scheduled strike of Parmelee and Terminal taxi drivers.

The joint executive committee also named a strike action committee of 20 headed by Warren G. Horie, head of the union's taxi division. Horie announced that a date upon which all 6,000 employees of the two companies will be called out, was set by the committee.

The union is seeking an increase over the present 42 and one half per cent the drivers receive, and other improvements in the contract.

Get the "Browder Library" for your own collection. See that it reaches the homes of your friends!

TONIGHT at 8

DOORS OPEN AT 7:00 P.M.

The INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER ANNOUNCES A

CITY-WIDE

MASS MEETING

— TO —

Protest Illegal Raids of Dies Committee on I.W.O.

Speakers:

Rev. J. W. ROBINSON
 Pastor, Christ Community Church and Chairman of the N. Y. National Negro Congress.

FREDERICK MYERS
 National Organizer of the National Maritime Union CIO.

B. F. McLAURIN

National Field Representative, International Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, AFL.

JULIUS BURAKOFF

Secretary, Progressive Committee of the Workmen's Circle.

ARTHUR OSMAN

President, Local 45, United Wholesale & Warehouse Employees, CIO.

MORRIS GAINOR

President, Local 905, Brotherhood of Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators, AFL.

WM. WIENER

CHAIRMAN

JOSEPH BRODSKY

NOTED LABOR ATTORNEY

MAX BEDACHT

GENERAL SECRETARY of I.W.O.

NOTED WRITERS - ARTISTS

EDUCATORS and TRADE UNIONISTS

MANHATTAN CENTER
 GRAND BALLROOM, 34th STREET and 8TH AVENUE

Admission Free

Come and Help Us Stop Dies!

Auspices:

N. Y. CITY CENTRAL COMMITTEE

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER

80 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

WAIT FOR IT!

Young, fresh vegetables (if you can get them) are nice . . .

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1940

Duff Cooper Gives The Game Away

The blood-cry of Alfred Duff Cooper for the extermination of the whole German nation, ought to put an end once and for all to the Allied lie that this is a "war against Hitlerism."

In the face of this crude yell for the obliteration of an entire nation, what becomes of President Roosevelt's effort to echo here the Allied pretense concerning the "war against Hitlerism?" It falls to pieces.

British imperialism, of course, never wanted to free the German people from Hitlerism. In fact, it was British imperialism which helped fasten Hitlerism on Germany. It aided it with the Munich betrayals of Czechoslovakia, Austria and Spain.

The open ferocity, however, of Duff Cooper's war cry against the German nation expresses something new in the situation. And this is the failure of the British propagandists to incite the British people against the German people.

Duff Cooper was the reputed "liberal" in the Cabinet clique. His brutal summons is a confession that the British ruling class has been using the "liberal" and Labor Party willing puppets as masks for their criminal war aims.

British imperialist policy is to take the lead in spreading the war at all costs, to halt the fight for peace. Duff Cooper's cry is a cry of hate intended to plumb the darkest feelings of brute animosity and race hatred, to whip up a war frenzy where the "idealist" propaganda has thus far failed.

It is not the peoples of England, France or Germany who have any stake in this war. It is a war among the respective imperialist rulers of these countries. Duff Cooper's speech proves to every honest American who does not close his mind to realities that the outbreak of the war in September removed all practical differences between the Allies and German fascism as far as "democracy" is concerned.

In the name of the "liberation of nations," the British imperialists try not only to wipe out those who seek to rival them in plunder, but to enchain an entire people with the shackles of a more terrible Versailles.

The "noble" war aims are seen to be despicable on both sides. It is a war which should be stopped by the indignation and anger of all decent people. Especially, by the refusal of the United States to have anything to do with it, or to give any aid whatever to London in spreading the flames of war.

Michigan Moves to Get C. P. on Ballot

Seventh among the states in population, Michigan stands out as one of our giant industrial commonwealths.

This great concentration point of the automobile workers—also a large farm population—is certainly a state in which it is a MUST that the Communist Party get on the ballot.

It is an encouraging bit of news, then, to learn that the Tenth State Convention of the party in the Wolverine State has set for itself the whirlwind job of collecting 12,000 signatures in 10 days.

This requirement, under new election laws, is no small undertaking. The party intends to surmount the difficulties before it with such a concentration of the entire membership in the drive as will lead to success. Indeed, it has made this its main present task. We trust that every ounce of energy will be devoted by the members there to gaining that goal.

The big effort being made in Michigan can stimulate our comrades everywhere to act speedily toward getting the party on the ballot in their respective states. New laws have been passed in several of these states, making this more difficult for minority parties. The constant tendency of the legislatures—loaded down with Republican and Democratic Party politicians—has been to tighten the monopoly of these Wall Street political expressions.

It will be a bad mistake for our comrades in any state to wait until the eleventh hour to begin gathering signatures. It will also be a mistake to proceed without examining the laws carefully, particularly to be certain that no "joker" legislation has recently been passed changing the methods or requirements for getting on the ballot.

In this year 1940—with the Wall Street campaign on foot to drive the party of peace and of the working class off the ballots, we have an especial obligation to make sure that the Communist Party appears before the voters in every possible state.

Working-Class Heroism—and Wall Street Greed

In the midst of the death, screams and confusion of the Little Falls (N. Y.) railroad tragedy, there stood out the remarkable coolness and heroism of a Negro porter. J. A. Taylor of Harlem, broke through a coach window and singlehandedly brought 16 passengers, including women and children, to safety.

The "appreciation" of the railroad companies for such working-class unselfishness can be seen by what they're seeking to do to the Red Caps, another group of Negro railroad porters. At the Pennsylvania terminal, and at other stations throughout the country, the companies are trying to put across a 30-cent-an-hour "wage" system which will turn the wage-hour law into its very opposite.

Passengers, under this system, would pay 10 cents per bag lugged by the porter, which the porter must turn in to the company to pay himself 30 cents an hour—or \$14.40 a week. At the most now, the porters get about \$22 weekly, and the 10 cent a bag minimum would become the maximum.

This means company spies and terror against the men, and undermining their union, the United Transportation Service Employees Union. It means an even worse starvation wage, by means of an unprincipled trick which typifies the attitude of the railroad barons against labor and the public.

The Red Caps are already pressing their case against the Wall Street railroads which have flatly refused to live up to the wage-hour law. Col. Fleming, wage-hour administrator in the Roosevelt Administration, shares responsibility for this special discrimination against the Negro porters, in winking at these violations. The greedy railroad companies are trying to transfer to the station porters and to the public the full expense of their own wage-hour evasions. Labor and the travelling public should rally to the support of the Red Caps and their Union.

A Masterpiece of Social Democratism

Thirty-three Social-Democratic individuals have rushed to the defense of David J. Sappos.

Charged with being a "Communist," Sappos is in danger of losing his job as chief economist of the National Labor Relations Board.

The thirty-three who took up the cudgels for him, in a letter to the United States Senate, range all the way from David Dubinsky, president of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union to Freda Kirchwey, editor of the Nation.

The thirty-three fervidly declare and aver that Mr. Sappos is not a Communist, never was a Communist, never approved of Communists and "consistently opposed Communist infiltration into the trade union movement."

In that statement we are presented with a Social Democratic masterpiece in the art of organized flunkeyism to Big Business. The signatories fall all over themselves to wash their hands of any taint of "red" and to perform the same ablutions for Mr. Sappos.

Had Mr. Sappos been a Communist—ah, then, the matter would have been different. Communists do not deserve the benefit of civil liberties, says this document in effect. They are to be treated with the formula prescribed by the Bourbon, Martin Dies. But we Social Democrats, the document pleads, we are harmless to imperialism; we join with Dies in "consistently opposing Communist infiltration into the trade union movement."

Instead of a strong, courageous stand for American civil rights, the Social Democrats whine that they deserve special privileges because they help to persecute and smell out the Communists. Thus do they prepare the way for the wiping out of all civil rights. The quicker the workers wake up fully to this game of Social Democratism, the quicker will they be able to make advances toward their own further freedom.

Their Fathers Were The 'Heroes of '17'

The press is bristling with indignation. It seems that there are several thousands of widows and orphans of 1917 war veterans who are starving. In the Rankin Bill now up before the Congress, they are asking for Government pensions to keep body and soul together.

And all that the press can do is to get purple in the face and shout "stop!"

Their excuse is that the pensions will go even to widows of veterans who were not disabled during the war. Must a man have broken his neck, or lost an eye in order that his orphans shall not die of starvation?

The newspaper attack against the Rankin bill's pension plan is really an attack against the whole idea of government pensions for the helpless.

This gives the country a clear idea of the brutality with which these same newspapers would treat the next crop of "war heroes" and their families should they succeed in repeating the 1917 betrayal.

The whole thing is brutal. The people should stoutly support the demand of the vets' families for government aid against starvation.

THE WAR FOR 'CIVILIZATION' by Ellis



NEWS ITEM—Alfred Duff Cooper Tells Britons That German People Must Be Exterminated.

THEIR LIES STILL HAUNT THEM

A self-condemning admission arises from the annual convention of the Associated Press big-shots, now taking place in New York City.

Speaking at the AP luncheon yesterday, Wade Werner, one of the Associated Press specialists covering the Soviet (White Guard) Finland hostilities, said:

"Censored dispatches from Finland naturally were top-heavy with damage to schools and hospitals, with casualties among civilians rather than among soldiers. Yet I honestly believe the Bolsheviks were not deliberately trying to bomb civilians."

(Despite these begrudging words, this is a whale of a confession coming from an Associated Press source. It was buried in the Herald Tribune yesterday. During the war itself, the Tribune and the other capitalist newspapers had gotten so far out on a limb of anti-Soviet fabrications, that they were afraid the limb would break if they even hinted at their own perfidy.)

The truth is that in addition to the splintering of the Mannerheim line, one of the most amazing military feats of the Red Army was its accuracy in bombing

military objectives. When the Soviet bombers pulverized the strong military fortifications of Hangoo, a city of several thousand population, only 4 civilians were killed.

It is again clear that the newspaper headlines of alleged "Soviet bombing of civilians" had no basis in fact, but were for the purpose of arousing an anti-Soviet war hysteria among the American people.

Yet, President Roosevelt based his provocative "civilian bombing" protests against the Soviet Union on these very fraudulent newspaper reports. The same fake pretenses were the basis of the President's war-inciting "moral embargo" against trade with the Soviet Union.

Premier Molotov rejected these protests as untrue, pointing out that the Soviet Union was defending her peace and security from the imperialist war-incendiaries who counted on the Mannerheim line. Once more, its clear Molotov was right and that the Wall Street spokesman Roosevelt was wrong—and still is.

The American people should set up their own moral embargo against such capitalist press lies, and against the Administration's war policy based on them.

Soviet Navy Organ Bares Imperialist Scramble for Rich Netherlands Indies

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, April 23.—The Red Navy organ Krasny Flot (Red Fleet) today drew aside the curtains of secrecy over the predatory intrigues of the imperialists of the United States, Japan and Britain with regard to the wealth-laden Netherlands Indies.

Krasny Flot explained the interest of American and British imperialists in the Netherlands Indies "as an excellent raw materials source, market and sphere for capital investment."

The American interest is not due to any high moral reasons, but to the fact that change in the status of the islands in favor of an imperialist rival would mean "a very serious danger to American interests in the western Pacific."

"In recent days," said Krasny Flot, "the European press has focussed attention on the problem of the Netherlands Indies, a group of South Sea islands possessing tremendous resources of strategic raw materials."

NEUTRALITY PERILLED

"Tokio, Washington, London, and lastly . . . the Hague, are taking active part in discussions of this problem. Evidently neither London, Washington nor Tokio place very much faith in Holland's remaining neutral and escaping involvement in the war."

"The example of Norway, whose neutrality was violated by the Allies without warning and only with post-facto announcements, speaks for itself. Little reason, then, to wonder that Holland has grounds for anxiety, all the more since its Indies possessions are a coveted prize from all points of view."

"It stands to reason that the wealth of the Netherlands Indies also attracts the American and British imperialists, who regard this Dutch possession as an excellent raw materials source, market and sphere of capital investment."

STRATEGIC POSITION

"This interest is augmented by another vital consideration: namely, the strategic position of the Netherlands Indies, which are in close proximity to the Philippines, Singapore, Australia, the Japanese mandated islands and China. The Netherlands Indies are not only a key to China but also a key to Britain's Pacific possessions."

"And when the American press declares that violation of the status quo in the Netherlands Indies would signify disruption of stability in the Pacific, this trans-



Map shows Dutch East Indies in relation to Far East

lated from diplomatic language into ordinary speech, means that a very serious danger to American interests in the western Pacific would arise.

"The discussion which has arisen around the Netherlands Indies is but a preliminary exchange of opinions, a preliminary testing to see what stand this or that imperialist power will take."

"Holland's neutrality is not yet violated, but Holland is already regarded as a pawn in the bargaining of the imperialists. The acuteness of the problem of the Netherlands Indies is an indication of the sharpening of the imperialist contradiction, which follows directly from the development and extension of the imperialist war now being waged in Europe."

Letters from Our Readers

Factory Closes While Bosses Talk of 'Boom'

Lynn, Mass.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Last week the president of General Electric made a speech to us workers in which he stated that things are honkey-dorry, that the depression was licked (by the war boom).

While it's true that we are running at full speed turning out war supplies for the governments of Chamberlain and the Bank of France to be used to keep their market safe, other industries in this town are not faring so well. Only today, the Excelsior Shoe works, employing several hundred heads of families

and their members was closed. And this evening an announcement reached the workers of Gregory and Reed Co. that the factory was to be closed for one week for "repairs." (Why couldn't they be made at night?)

This last named factory has been working at irregular schedules for several months now. Sure, we have a minimum wage here, but suppose the boss tells you to ring in every third day. So you work three days and make the minimum wage for one day. How can anyone live on \$3.71 per week decently.

So, Mr. Hoover, who didn't bat an eyelash when Americans were starving in the depression years, why don't you run a campaign to raise money for underpaid and underfed factory hands in our own country? H. MacL.

Patriotism: The Real Thing versus Hearst's Counterfeit Brand

By Louis F. Budenz

Tom Joad is surely "finding out things" these days. Phrases are hurled at him and his fellow-workers which "don't make sense." They come from the White House and the big newspapers. They are used in just the opposite way to that in which Joad understands them.

What is this "patriotism" which is now bandied about so menacingly by Big Business? What is this "American way," we hear so much about?

Pick up Hearst's New York Journal-American of last Thursday. It says there—in a big article on the editorial page—that patriots are only those who stand for the capitalist system. It says further that any school text-books which admit that there are "classes" in America should be banned as "un-American." It denounces the "Rugg books" as unpatriotic because they are "always contrasting the pitiful condition of the 'common people' with the life of luxury and frivolity of the 'aristocrats'."

So this, then, is Hearstian "patriotism." This is the thing he rants about in every edition of his papers.

MILLIONS MAKE DIFFERENCE

Mr. Hearst's "Americanism" has the ring of counterfeit money about it. Is there no difference between William Randolph Hearst, owner of hundreds of thousands of California acres, and the landless Joads? Is there no class-line between J. P. Morgan and the unemployed steel worker? Is there no distinction between John D. Rockefeller and the tenant farmer? The shocking truths of American life make a mockery of the make-believe which Hearst would like to pawn off on the people as "the American way."

Is it "un-American" to tell of "the pitiful condition of the common people"? Does that condition not exist in this rich nation? Are there not millions of men and women without work, in the midst of great factories? Are there not 66 per cent of America's people living on less than \$1,500 a year?

Is there not, at the same time, a "luxury and frivolity" on the part of the aristocrats of money which is reflected in every society page of the monopoly press? Is there not Tommy Manville, with his sex orgies? Is there not Doris Duke, possessor of millions of dollars through the grace of the Tobacco Trust while tobacco workers died from pellagra and malnutrition?

THE PEOPLE ARE POOR

Patriotism, if you please, is love of country. All the dictionaries tell us that. Love of any country certainly calls for the extension of happiness among the mass of the people who live in that nation.

In the United States, in particular, the government has been dedicated with the first words of the Constitution in the name of "We, the People." Who are "the people" today—the 66 per cent who have an income of less than \$1,500 per year or the few overlords of the monopolies who grind them down?

You will agree that it is those who battle to bring the benefits of this "land of milk and honey" to this 66 per cent who are the real patriots in the American scene.

The progressive trade unionist, the progressive leader of farm organizations, the champion of the unemployed, the battler for the rights of the Negro people—these are the men and women fighting for the welfare of America. They are our patriotic breed.

As they struggle onward against the evils of Monopoly, they will come to understand more and more that Monopoly cannot be curbed except through a Socialist America.

The giant units of finance capital are constantly menacing the completion of democracy in our land. "Life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" are continually denied by the hunger which they breed, by the terror which they create, by the shutting off of opportunity which they bring about. The great machine system in the hands of capitalist autocracy is a danger to a democratic people.

TWO AMERICAS

Is there any tradition or taboo in American history which says that capitalism shall be eternal? Is there any warrant for the Hearstian contention that "Americanism" and capitalism are one and the same thing?

The Slave Power also said that chattel slavery was "the American system." Its champions plotted to certain words respecting slavery in the original Constitution. But, the people rejected such a monstrous theory. The dead hand cannot rule the living, as Jefferson said—and such has been the genius of all American progress.

The truth is, there are two Americas today—as there have always been in every great crisis in this country. There was first the America of the king and the America of the colonists. The latter was triumphant in the Revolution—and the kingship was wiped out. There was the America of Hamilton's "rule of the rich" gang and there was the America of Jefferson and the small farmers and "mechanics." The latter marched onward—for the expansion of the frontier and the victory of the Bill of Rights. There was the America of Nicholas Biddle and the Bank of the United States and there was the America of Andrew Jackson and the farmer-"mechanics" alliance. The latter was triumphant in the "Jacksonian Revolution," and imprisonment for debt and other evils went into the discard with the Bank itself.

There was the America of the Slavery and the America of Abraham Lincoln. The "irrepressible conflict" ended in the abolition of chattel ownership in human lives.

In 1940 there is the America of Wall Street Monopoly and the America of the working masses. Hearst represents the former. Those who stand for Socialism represent the latter.

It is the monopolists who constantly sear and scar their country by plotting to plunge it into imperialist war, in order to advance their pile of profits. For their "investments" in foreign lands, they betray the people of America.

EXAMPLE OF LAFAYETTE

It is those who stand for Socialism, the Communists, who stand for internationalism, the highest form of patriotism.

As Earl Browder stated in his Madison Square Garden speech of Nov. 13, 1939: "Was Lafayette a bad Frenchman because he wanted to bring to France, his own native land, the great advantages of progress and democracy which he had helped to establish in the United States?" The answer certainly is: "He was the better Frenchman for doing that." And so today, the American who seeks to bring the benefits which the Soviet Union has attained, to the attention of the American masses is the better American for doing so.

It is those who stand for Socialism who seek to have the full fruits of our land go, not to the privileged few, but to the masses of the people. This is the only way by which such a happy outcome for America can be achieved. They point to the Soviet Union's accomplishments, despite the crude conditions from which it had to spring, as to the assurance of that fact.

Such is certainly the highest patriotism. Such is the way to the future welfare of America.

PERSONAL--BUT NOT PRIVATE

By DAVE FARRELL

A Few Random Notes on the Early Season by Dave

It's an amazing thing that with the big league season hardly started to find the scores as low as they are. This is being written early Sunday morning—and with the exception of the 11-1 pasting the Browns handed the White Sox, the 12-0 shellacking the Dodgers gave the Giants and a 6-4 opening day score, the pitching has been way ahead of the hitting. This is strange for early, rainy and cold April. The first published batting averages are going to make a lot of hitters look silly.

Since everybody has had a few words or more about the performance of Bob Feller, I might as well chime in. All I'll add to the confusion is to remind you that last July or August I wrote in a column on him in which I called him the best pitcher in baseball today. He'll be a lot better in three years or so when he gets his full strength and gets smartened up. Right now he's a chucker with too much for hitters. When he becomes a smart, seasoned pitcher, he will be unbeatable and will be the first 30 win hurler in years.

Out here I have heard of two bets that Charlie Keller will outlast DiMaggio. The bet isn't a bad one, but the price is. They've both been made at even money. I don't think any second year jinx is going to stop the kid from Maryland. But beating out Joe—at even money is quite something else again.

Even though I consigned Old Man Moose Grove to oblivion, he won't oblige. That two-hitter he pitched on opening day was quite a feat—even though it was over Washington, still technically in the American League. What a great pitcher that man is! But as great a career as he has had in the big show, he's been gyped at least a couple of seasons by Jack Dunn, late owner of the Baltimore Orioles, who held him five years until he got his price of \$100,000. Listen to this record of five seasons with Baltimore 12-2, 25-10, 18-8, 27-10, and 26-6. The last two years of his minor league stay, he was certainly ready for the majors. All I hope is that Grove got a good hunk of that hundred grand.

I've written a lot about him in the past but nothing compared to what I will in the future—because I think he's the hardest hitter in baseball today—and that includes anybody in the majors. The guy I mean is Louie Novikoff of course. The lad they call "The Mad Russian" hits anything everywhere, especially bad balls. I've seen him belt a ball that was a foot over his head out of the park. I've seen him pick off any number of pitches around his ear and drive them far and wide. I've seen him look like a suker, swinging like a barn door and then pump the very next pitch into the stands. I've seen him time a change of pace and belt it 375 feet into the right field stands. I've seen him wrap his bat around a perfect knuckle ball and send it on a line drive over the center field wall where the ball only started to rise as it cleared the fence. His secret, of course, lies in his power. He's such a bull that he doesn't need to meet a ball square. If he hits a third of it, it travels too hard for an infielder to handle.

He leaves a lot to be desired as an outfielder, although he is no cow. I don't know that he can ever develop into a DiMaggio or an Earl Combs, but he's not a Babe Herman, Buzz Arlett or Ike Boone. However should the Cubs recall him before this season is out and they may have to—the howl that will come out of the City of the Angels will be heard all the way to Fire Island. The Angelenos love this big fence buster.

Around these parts they think Connie Mack made a mistake when he sent Dario Lodigiani down to the International League. They—some smart baseball men—insist he's a better ball player than Benny McCoy. But they recognize the reason for it, that Connie had to send him away to let the expensive McCoy feel that the job was his come hell or high water. The Cardinals could certainly use Dario. He and Browne would make that keystone combination they've been looking for.

The case of Stevie Mesner is as interesting as any in baseball. Here's a kid with six years of AA ball behind him and still only 22. This lad never fails to hit in the 320 whatever loop he's in. He's had three tries Up There and he's always been sent away. He's too slow and foot and between the ears. When he was with the Angels, Truck Hannah had to climb out of the dugout and tell him where to throw every ball hit to him. But how that kid can hit! He's clouting in the 450s at this writing.

Cedric Durst, erstwhile Yankee outfielder, managing San Diego, thinks he has another Ted Williams in 19-year-old "Swede" Jensen, an outfielder snatched from the campus of San Diego State College. Jensen wears spectacles, but oculists insist that within a year he'll be able to shed them. I haven't seen enough of Jensen to know whether he's as good as Durst insists but Ced (pronounced Sid) insists that nothing will stop this kid from becoming one of the game's outstanding stars. So remember the name, "Swede" Jensen.

Grid Swaps for Schiechl

CHICAGO, April 23 (UP).—The Chicago Bears of the national professional football league today traded guard Dick Bass and — say Thompson, an end, to the Philadelphia Eagles in exchange for draft rights to John Schiechl, star center from Santa Clara. If Schiechl does not turn professional, the Bears will be permitted their choice of Philadelphia drafters in 1941.

Klein Near 100th Hit

If Chuck Klein's 14th hit of the 1940 season wins a game for the Phillies, it will be doubly spectacular. Even if it doesn't, it will be quite a blow for Chuck himself, the 2,000th hit of his major league career. The Warner Bros. and Ott are the only National Leaguers starting the season in the 2,000-hit class.

WHAT'S ON

RATES: What's On notices for the Daily and Sunday Worker are 50¢ per line (6 words to a line—5 lines minimum).
DEADLINE: Daily at 12 Noon. For Sunday, 5 P.M. Friday.

Tonight

TOM MOONEY Branch, ILL! Installation of new Executive officers, 8:30 P.M. sharp. Also social. Members please attend 100 2nd Avenue.
WEDNESDAY MUSICALS—Brahms 2nd Symphony. Excerpts from the Ring, Wagner. Metropolitan Music School, 68 E. 12th St., 8:30 P.M. Rudolf Jankel, conductor.

Coming

ANNA SOKOLOV and Group. Arno Taubert entertaining. Penthouse Studio, 430 Sixth Ave. This Friday Night. Refreshment, dancing, 49¢.

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CLARENCE HATHAWAY Lecture Series on "The Imperial Background of the Present War," speaks on Saturday, April 27, at 2:30 P.M. on "The Basic Issue." Irving Plaza, E. 15th St. & Irving Pl. Audiences: Workers School. Adm. 25¢.

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL CONCERT of the Frickett-Mandolin Orchestra. Eugene Plotnikoff conducting. Soloist, Harry Dabbs, pianist. Featuring Schubert's Fifth Symphony and Beethoven's Piano Concerto in C Minor. Town Hall, 43rd St., between Broadway and 6th Ave. All seats reserved. Tickets \$5, \$10, \$15, at Frickett office, 35 E. 12th St. and Box Office.

Philadelphia, Pa.
PAT TOOLEY, Mother Bloor, Carl Revere speak Thursday, April 25th, 8:15 P.M., 819 Locust Street. "Day of World Events."

REGISTRATION
SEA BREEZE SEMINAR. Classes begin tonight in History, CPUSA and Current Events. Alfred Goldstein, instructor. You can still register. 3200 Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn.

SOCIAL DANCE GROUP—Recognized workers school for Ballroom Dancing. Walts, Foxtrot, Tango, etc. 68 Fifth Avenue, Studio 7-B. OR. 7-2929. Miriam Falick. Registration 2-10 P.M.

TONIGHT at 8:00
C. A. Hathaway
Speaks on
"WAR IN SCANDINAVIA"

FINNISH HALL, 764-46th St., Brooklyn (8th Ave. Sta. on West End & Culver Line). Asp. Waterfront Section, C.P.

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SPORTS

DAILY WORKER

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1940

FOLLOW THE DODGERS
In the Daily Worker—
The Most Interesting
Game Accounts, Features
And Interviews

Dodgers Blast Bees, 8-3 Behind Carleton; Dean Blanks Yanks, 3-0; Gumbert Wins for Giants, 1-0

New Yank Killer in 4 Hit Victory

Hadley Loses Control Twice to Give A's Chance

Young Chubby Dean, who handcuffed the world champion Yankees in the opener 2-1, did even better yesterday at Stadium as the season resumed, blanking them with four scattered hits as the A's won 3-0.

The Yanks had said that he wouldn't last nine innings against them again, but the converted left-handed first sacker had a breeze with the champ's batting order, overlaid with five left-handed hitters with Joe DiMaggio out.

The veteran Bump Hadley matched Dean down to the sixth, staying off threats in the third, when he got Johnson with the bases full, and the fourth, when Dahlgren's stop and throw home nipped Siebert at the plate. In the sixth Johnson walked and Crosetti dropped Dahlgren's throw for a force on Siebert's tap. Hayes bunted them along and Ruben's long fly to Selkirk brought Johnson in with the game's first run. In the ninth with one out Hadley lost control and walked three men to fill the bases. Russo came in, fanned Chapman but then walked two more A's to force in two runs. Chandler stopped it.

The best scoring chance the Yanks had against Dean was in the second, when Dickey singled and Henrich walked. Dean got Gordon, Dahlgren and Hadley. In the seventh Dahlgren singled with one down and Hadley sacrificed, but shortstop Brancato made a great play to retire Crosetti. Crosetti, Rolfe, Dahlgren and Dickey got the Yankee singles.

Philadelphia . . . 000 001 002—3 4 2
NEW YORK . . . 000 000 000—0 4 1
Dean and Hayes; Hadley, Russo (9) Chandler (9) and Dickey.

MAJOR LEAGUE STANDINGS

AMERICAN LEAGUE				
Team	W.	L.	Pct.	
Boston	4	1	.800	
Cleveland	3	1	.750	
Detroit	3	2	.600	
Philadelphia	3	3	.500	
NEW YORK	2	2	.500	
St. Louis	2	2	.500	
Chicago	0	3	.000	
Washington	0	4	.000	

GAMES TODAY
Athletics at Yankee Stadium
Senators at Boston
Cleveland at St. Louis
Detroit at Chicago

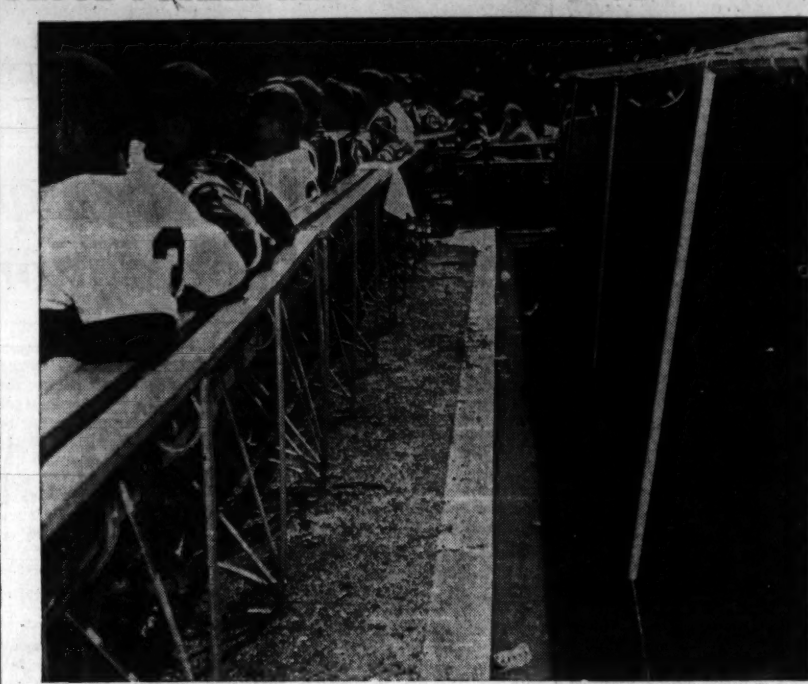
NATIONAL LEAGUE				
Team	W.	L.	Pct.	
BROOKLYN	3	0	1.000	
Cincinnati	3	0	1.000	
Pittsburgh	2	0	1.000	
Philadelphia	1	1	.500	
NEW YORK	1	2	.333	
Chicago	2	5	.285	
St. Louis	1	4	.200	
Boston	0	2	.000	

GAMES TODAY
Bees at Ebbets Field
Giants at Philadelphia
Cubs at Pittsburgh
Cards at Cincinnati

Flood in Red Park

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 23 (UP).—The game between the Cincinnati Reds and the St. Louis Cardinals, scheduled for today, was postponed by general manager Warren Giles of the Cincinnati club when flood waters from the Ohio River backed onto Croley Field. Wednesday's game also was postponed because of the flood.

FLOOD PUSHES REDS OUT OF DUGOUT



The Cincinnati Reds were forced out of their dugout by the flood waters of the Ohio Monday. Yesterday the field was covered and row boats would have been necessary to play.

Inside Baseball

Reds Give Ha-Ha to Those Who Predicted Collapse—Better Than Ever—Mike McCormick Lifts Team

All those baseball soothsayers, clairvoyants, and wisenheimers who predicted last October 8 after the Yankees had slapped the Reds down for the fourth straight time in the World Series that Bill McKee's club would never be the same were barking up the wrong tree.

The Reds have not only recovered from that horrible October nightmare but they have a better ball club than in 1939. Ernie Lombardi has forgotten all about his nap at the plate. Billy Myers and Lonnie Frey have recovered from their World Series jitters. Harry Craft is 35 pounds heavier and going like a fire engine to a 5-alarm call. Gene Thompson has arrived as the third ace behind Paul Deringer and Bucky Walters.

But the big change in the Reds is in leftfield, where Rookie Mike McCormick from Indianapolis has taken hold like a veteran. In the Reds three straight victories, black-haired, fleet-footed Mike has batted out 5 hits (two doubles) in 12 times up, scored three runs, and drove in two. He has performed brilliantly in the outfield and his speed on the bases already has the other National League outfielders watching him out of the corner of their eyes. Mike can stretch a single into a double quicker than you can say Angels Camp, Calif., the spot he hangs from.

Mike, no relation to the Reds' Frank McCormick at first, scored two runs, made two hits and drove in another run as Cincinnati hung up its third win in succession and moved into the National League drivers' seat yesterday with a 6-1 victory over the Cardinals. Bucky Walters let the Cards down with 7 hits and blanked them until the ninth.

It was the third game in which the Reds' starting pitcher had held the opposition to one tally—Deringer doing it opening day against the Cubs and Gene Thompson repeating the next start against Chicago. In three games the Reds have yet to make an error, and they haven't changed their starting lineup in any game.

Lee Beats 'Em All

When you are figuring the chances of the Chicago Cubs, don't forget they have a mound ace who can beat any batting order in the world when he gets hot, William C. Lee, Jr., from Plaquemine, La., and L. S. U. Bill has the pleasing habit of staging streaks of effectiveness during which he is unbeatable, a fact which played a major role in the Cub pennant of 1938. Back in 1923, at Columbus, Bill won 6 games in 19 days and they were all complete contests, games which he both started and finished.

Gumbert Beats Higbe, 1-0

Giants Chalk Up 1st Win of Year in Phils' Home Opener

PHILADELPHIA, April 23.—Harry Gumbert put the Giants on the victory trail today in beating the Phillies and nemesis Kirby Higbe in the season's inaugural here, 1-0.

Four thousand five hundred fans saw the big righthander scatter four hits while the Giants made five. The deadlock was broken in the seventh. Whitehead walked and Suhr threw wild on Gumbert's bunt, both runners being safe. Rucker sacrificed and Jurgas was purposely passed to fill the bases. Higbe knocked down Demaree's bounder and forced Whitehead at the plate, but lost control momentarily to walk Ott, forcing in Gumbert. Arnovich then pulled down Danning's fly.

The Phils threatened Gumbert in the sixth when Martin tripled off the right field wall with one down and Klein walked. A fast Jurgas to Witke to Young double play on Arnovich's grounder ended that.

NEW YORK . . . 000 000 100—1 5 0
Philadelphia . . . 000 000 000—0 4 2
Gumbert and Danning; Higbe, L. Brown (9) and Warren.

SCORES

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Washington . . . 000 000 101—2 7 2
Boston . . . 102 220 000—7 8 1
Leonard, Carrasquel (5), Jacobs (7) and Ferrell; Harris and DeSautels.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Chicago . . . 002 000 000—2 7 0
Pittsburgh . . . 000 010 002—3 9 2
French, Page (9) and Todd; MacFayden, Brown (9) and Mueller, Berres (9).

St. Louis at Cincinnati postponed—flood waters on field.

Gilbert and Frank Slug As B'klyn Stays Atop N. L. With 3rd Straight

Charley Clouts Two Homers, Rookie Catcher One and Three Other Hits Before 13,000—Reese Makes Debut at Short, Looks Good

By Lester Rodney

The sun came back to Brooklyn yesterday afternoon and those amazing Dodgers picked right up where they left off last Friday to win their third straight game of the young season in championship style, trimming the Boston Bees 8-3 before 13,284 chilly fans.

It was no shutout, this victory, but it was probably the most important of the first three games for the club's pennant chances, for it showed the following:

1. **TEX CARLETON**, veteran sldarmer, has really come back and will be of great help to the trio of Hamlin, Casey and Wyatt. After a shaky first inning in which Max West's homer blasted in three runs he was in complete control, fanning six along the wayside.

2. **YOUNG HERMAN FRANK**, left-handed hitting catcher acquired from the Card chain gang, may make those Phelps' absences due to finger injuries less serious for the team's chances. All this amazing did in his first day as a Dodger was to belt the first ball pitched to him over the wall for a three-run homer to tie the score and follow through with a double and two singles for a perfect day at bat.

3. **CHARLEY GILBERT**, chunky 21-year-old speed demon, who covers center like a blanket but whose hitting was a question mark after but one year in organized baseball (.317 at Nashville), supplied part of the answer with two booming home runs to drive in four runs.

4. The blanket came off. **PEE-WEE REESE**, young shortstop rookie, and he looked great, as expected, in the field, drove in a run with a single, drew a pass and displayed some of his dazzling base running in scoring both times.

BAD START
It looked as though Durocher had pulled a boner in starting Carleton instead of Hamlin when with one out Loane doubled to left, Hassett dropped a single in left and Max West cleaned up with a terrific clout over the wall. But that apparently was the work Tex had needed to get started after the long idleness and he was rarely in trouble thereafter.

The Dodgers got to work on Pitcher Nick Strincovich in the third. Camilli covalined a 399-foot double off the wall in dead center. Cullenbine walked, and Frank stepped up to the left side of the plate, knocked the dirt off his cleats and hit the first ball pitched to him into Bedford Ave. to tie things up. Reese made his major debut at bat with a walk and was too fast to force at second as Carleton was thrown out at first. Young Gilbert then blasted his first long shot over the fence to make it 5-3 and that was all for Strincovich. Coscarati greeted Erickson with a single off the wall in the right field corner, but Vosmik's smoking liner was tracked down by Loane in deep center, and that was all.

FRANKS AND GILBERT AGAIN
Neither team did much at bat till the 6th, when the Dodgers sewed things up. The sensational Franks picked a double to right center for this third straight hit on three swings as the house went wild. They went wilder as young Reese started to do business with the willow with a slashing single to left to score Herman, and shot down to second safely on the throw.

CLICKS



TEX CARLETON

home. As Carleton missed a punt Lopez tried to pick the speedy Pee-wee off second (he stole 53 bases with Louisville last year) and made a bad throw, the kid scooting to third. Then who should step up and deposit the ball over the scoreboard for a home run but young Mr. Gilbert again. That made it 8-3. The boys kept going as Joe Vosmik rapped one through the box for a single and Lavagetto duplicated, but a good throw by Loane got the big bludge trying to make third and that was all.

It was more than enough as Carleton finished under wraps. It'll be Luke Hamlin, last year's 20-game winner, making his debut against Fette today. Then Wyatt and Casey for the Giants. Ummmm. You should've seen the bleachers stand up and yell for Gilbert after that second homer. And the kid was just inexperienced enough to wave back enthusiastically. And didn't they like that! The whole club seems to have "Ti" this year. Look out.

Boston . . . 300 000 000—3 16 8
BROOKLYN . . . 050 001 000—8 13 2
Strincovich, Erickson (2), Jarvey (7) and Lopez; Carleton and Franks.

Dodger Doings

Bert Haas and Chris Hartje to Montreal, the former subject to recall . . . he started out with a bases-full homer as the Little Dodgers won yesterday. . . . Carl Doyle's wrist trouble is a fracture of a small bone . . . three weeks out for the promising speedballer, who had been counted a dark horse starter. . . . Luke Hamlin has mild attack of selasia, may not be set to go today. . . .

Stewart Versatile

Glen Stewart started life as a catcher, played every infield position for Jersey City last year, set a new International League pinching-hitting record of 500, and shined up as about the most useful rookie in the ranks of the New York Giants.

—by del

THE ADVENTURES OF MARMADUKE

